## U.N. pushes for Afghan settlement

UNITED NATIONS (R) — The U.N. special emissary trying to negotiate an accord to permit withdrawal of Soviet forces from Afghanistan will begin what could be the final phase of his exercise next month, diplomatic sources said on Tuesday. They said the official, Under-Secretary General Diego Cordovez, was proposing to make visits to Afghanistan and Pakistan in the second half of December for intensive talks looking towards a final Geneva meeting on the question. Dec. 15 was mentioned as a likely date for Mr. Cordovez's departure for Kabul. If so, his talks with Afghan leaders would follow a summit meeting between President Reagan and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev, during which the Afghan question is expected to be discussed. The U.N. General Assembly voted on Nov. 10 to renew its call for Soviet troop withdrawal. The United States has been pressing for a settlement and is being kept informed by Mr. Cordovez on the substance of his talks, which began in June 1982 but have recently recorded only limited progress. Diplomatic sources said the latest Geneva meeting, in September, was unproductive but that there now was hope for results in a final push.



#### Genscher and Saud discuss 598

RIYADH (AP) — West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher on Tuesday discussed with Saudi Arabian officials means of enforcing U.N. Security Council Resolution 598 calling for a ceasefire in the Gulf war, diplomatic sources said. The sources, who spoke on condition they not be named, said the Gulf war was top of the agenda of talks held by Mr. Genscher with his Saudi counterpart, Prince Saud Al Faisal. Mr. Genscher, who has been federal foreign minister and deputy chancellor since 1974, has visited the kingdom twice in the past. He arrived on Monday on a three-day visit as part of a swing that will take him to Iraq and Jordan. Shortly after arriving, Mr Genscher and Prince Saud presided over the dedication of the new West German embassy premises in the Saudi capital. The sources said that the two foreign ministers also discussed Middle East topics such as the kingdom's establishment of full diplomatic relations with Egypt.

Her Majesty Queen Noor and His Royal Highness Crown Prince

Hassan, later tours the various sections of the university (Petra photo)

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

#### King congratulates Syrian president

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday con-tacted Syrian President Hafez Al Assad by telephone and congratulated him on the occasion of the anniversary of the 1970 corrective movement in Syria. President Assad also congratulated the King on His Majesty's birthday and expressed best wishes to him on the occasion.

#### King sends good wishes to Oman

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday sent a congratulatory cable to Sultan Oaboos Ibn Sai'd of Oman on the occasion of Oman's National Day. In the cable, the King wished Sultan Qaboos health and happiness and the Omani people further prosperity under the Sultan's leadership.

#### Sharaa briefs Syrian cabinet on summit

DAMASCUS (Petra) — Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa on Tuesday briefed the Syrian cabinet on the outcome of the extraordinary Arab summit, held in Amman on Nov. 8. At a cabinet session chaired by Premier Mahmoud Al Zu'bi, Mr. Sharaa noted the positive decisions taken at the summit and explained Syria's commitment to these decisions, in the light of the explanations made by the Syrian delegation during the conference's deliberations and discusions. Mr. Sharaa said the partiincome ipation of Syrian President Hafez Al Assad had played an -moortant role in serving the goals of the Arab Nation and its decisive issues.

#### Saudi population put at 12 million

JEDDAH (Petra) — A statistical report issued on Tuesday put the otal population of Saudi Arabia at 12 million. The report said that Saudi Arabia had 2.5 million stulents attending some 15,000 chools, institutions and colleges, n addition to seven universities hroughout the Kingdom. The eport also said that there were 100,000 civil servants and 2211 10 spitals and health centres, in iddition to 1,386 pharmacies and

### Ceausescu to visit Egypt

CAIRO (R) — Romanian Presilent Nikolae Ceausescu will pay ்ய official visit to Egypt later this nonth, a government statement aid on Tuesday. Mr. Ceausescu ast visited Egypt in October

## Yeltsin in hospital

MOSCOW (R) — A Soviet pokesman said on Tuesday that loris Yeltsin, former Moscow lity Communist Party chief justed last week, was in hospital. le denied widespread rumours Ar. Yeltsin had died or was eriously ill. "There are various umours, but as you know I canot comment on party affairs," fury Gremitskikh, deputy chief of the Foreign Ministry's inormation directorate, told a iews conference.

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- been killed since clashes first What Americans simply erupted on Sunday, Reuter said. The PLA, which controls cannot see. page 4
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- 21 moves, page 6 • Morocco plans tax cuts and wage increases,
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# King inaugurates Irbid university, urges focus on quality of education

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday inaugurated the Jordan University for Science and Technology (JUST) and called on Jordanian universities to improve the quality of education in the Kingdom rather than depend on a large number of graduates for achieving development and prosperity.

Delivering a speech at the opening of the new university in irbid, the King said the future of the Kingdom depended on the present generation of students receiving education at universi-

"We can see hints of this future and the fate of these generations through the present level of education, its rules and curriculae," the King said. "The present is our guide to the future which will be determined by these stu-

The King warned: "There is no

Ceasefire

observed

SIDON (Agencies) — Ceasefire

patrols toured the streets of Sidon

on Tuesday, a day after Palesti-

nian fighters clashed with

Lebanese militiamen in the town

Schools were closed for a second day in Sidon, provincial

captial of South Lebanon, after

hundreds of students were trap-

ped in the daylong fighting that left eight people killed and 45

Three schools around the

Palestinian refugee camp of 'Ain

Al Hilweh were caught in the

cross fire. One of them had gap-

ing holes after receiving direct

rocket-propelled grenade hits. Windows were shattered and

glass shards littered the school's

Long queues formed at baker-

ies and gasoline filling stations, reflecting public fears that hostilities might resume.

Monday's street battles pitted fighters of the Palestine Libera-

tion Organisation (PLO) against

the Nasserite Popular Liberation

Army (PLA), according to an AP dispatch. But Reuter reported that the clashes involved fighters

of the breakaway PLO faction or Abu Nidal and the PLA.

A final ceasefire took hold at

sundown after PLO Chairman

Yasser Arafat telephoned in-

structions from Baghdad to his

Sidon commanders to "put an

immediate end to the bloodshed

and coordinate with our Nasserite

Joint patrols, made up of the

military police of both organisa-

tions, then took charge of enforc-

ing the truce in Sidon, 40

"Fighting has stopped but it is still very tense... shops and schools in the area around the

camp are shut because people

fear battles might flare again,"

said one resident quoted by

ing Sidon itself.
The Amal militia has been

locked in a "camps war" with PLO fighters in Lebanon for

Five joint checkpoints were set

up on Tuesday around Ain Al

Hilweh and other areas of the

more than three years.

kilometres south of Beirut.

brothers," AP said.

hardering highlands

wounded.

in Sidon

good in a nation that boasts numbers... overlooking good prepara-tion and good quality and high

He said that despite encouraging the expansion of higher education, "we are more concerned that this kind of education is joined by those who are capable to joining it... and that those capable of joining are provided with a high level of education and a proper intellectual environment... so that they will respond to this high standards of educa-

"Thus," the King added, "we will be able to graduate those whom we can trust to lead this nation in all aspects, educational, industrial, agricultural, political, intellectual, technical and other

His Majesty pointed out that "nations develop and prosper by the intellectual, scientific and moral levels of its citizens... and not with the numbers alone. Our aim is to combine numbers with good quality."

The King expressed hope that JUST, which is the Kingdom's fourth university, would be "the new link with its sister universities - Jordan, Yarmouk and Mu'ta... to compliment the chain of scientific edifices and centres excellence in our countries."

The King said he looked forward to the day "when our Arab Nation will be on the same par or close with developed nations... taking from them and giving

(Continued on page 3)

## Mauritania joins Arab states to resume ties with Egypt NOUAKCHOTT, Mauritania need for unity among Arab coun-

(Agencies) - Mauritania on Tuesday announced it would reestablish diplomatic relations with Egypt, ruptured in 1979 following a separate peace accord Cairo signed with Israel.

The announcement by the Foreign Ministry brings to eight reestablished relations with Egypt since the Arab League summit in Amman last week. Member nations decided at the meeting that countries could undertake a mending of relations with Egypt on a bilateral basis. Other countries that have rees-

tablished relations include the United Arab Emirates, Iraq, Morocco, Kuwait, Bahrain, Saudi Arabia and North Yemen. Sudan, Oman and Somalia

were the only Arab League members to retain formal relations with Egypt in 1979. Jordan and Djibouti resumed ties in 1984 and 1986 respectively.

The official Nouakchott statement said Tuesday Mauritania was restoring ties because of the

Butros Ghali, Egypt's minister of state for foreign affairs, told reporters on Tuesday that "no conditions were attached" by any Arab League member to the resumption of relations.

Dr. Ghali, speaking to reporters after meeting with Soviet Ambassador Gennady Zhuravlev, said the resumption of ties bolsters Arab solidarity and serves Arab causes... it is in everybody's interest.'

Mr. Zhuravlev termed the restoration "positive action that leads to greater Arab solidarity and unity of ranks."
Saudi Arabia's top diplomat in

Egypt raised his country's flag atop the building housing the Saudi mission on Tuesday for the first time in more than eight

The mission became an embassy after the Saudi government issued a statement Monday night restoring diplomatic relations

## Two Syrian soldiers shot dead in Beirut

speeding car shot and killed two Syrian soldiers in west Beirut Tuesday, police said.

The police report said the gunmen, riding in a white Peugeot, sprayed the soldiers with rifle fire and sped away. The shooting occurred at 11 a.m. (0900 GMT) as the soldiers walked through the Zokak Blatt residential neigh-

bourhood. "One private died instantly and the other died on the way to the American University Hospital," the statement said. The names of

the victims were not disclosed. Witnesses, speaking on condition of anonymity, told AP the Syrians deployed foot patrols in

west Beirut after the shooting. There was no immediate comment from the Syrian army command on the killing of the soldiers, attached to a 7,500-man force that deployed in the western sector of the capital in February, seeking to end militia

The shooting occurred after Syrian troops had stepped up security across west Beirut following two bomb blasts in the past seven days. The bombs, at the international airport on Wednesday and in the lobby of the American University Hospital on Saturday, killed 13 people

and wounded 110. Pedestrians and motorists were

BEIRUT (AP) - Gunmen in a rian checkpoints across west Beirut. Lebanese policemen strengthened security at govern-ment buildings, banks and restaurants following the two bomb-

> Interior Minister Abdallah Rassi appealed to the population in a statement Tuesday "to report any suspicious looking object" to the police.

Every citizen should be a guard and should help police and the regular forces to confront this wave of bombings," Mr. Rassi

The latest shooting raised to four the number of Syrian troops killed in west Beirut since the February deployment.

Syria also maintains 25,000 troops in east and north Lebanon under a 1976 peacekeeping mandate from the Arab League.

In a separate incident near Batroun, northern Lebanon, a Syrian soldier was accidentally shot and wounded by his comrades when they fired on a Lebanese soldier trying to flee from a checkpoint, police said. The Lebanese was wounded in

In a separate incident involving the Syrians, the Voice of Lebanon radio station, which is run by the right-wing Falange Party, said Syrian soldiers manning a checkpoint in north Lebanon detained about 50 Lebanese army soldiers



outcome of summit CAIRO (Agencies) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak on Tuesday praised His Majesty King Hussein as an Arab leader with a "deep sense of Arab be-

longing and capable of contributing effectively towards uniting Mr. Mubarak praised King Hussein's efforts before and during last week's extraordinary Arab summit in Amman and said His Majesty had made great

efforts to bring closer views of the Arab leaders during the summit. The Egyptian president expressed satisfaction over the positive results of the summit. President Mubarak also called

for regular Arab summits to settle "marginal" differences. "When the Arabs meet.

have room to solve differences. This is what happened in Amman." he said referring to last week's Arab summit.

Mr. Mubarak, speaking to reporters during a tour of regions outside Cairo, said the Amman summit did not solve all problems but paved the way for their settle-

He called differences between some Arab states, which he did not name, as marginal but stressed that they would leave the Arab World "fragile" if left unsolved.

Summits, he said, were "the ideal method to solve our differences because there are many ambitious designs in the region. He did not elaborate.

In Riyadh, King Fahd Ibn Abdul Aziz of Saudi Arabia said Monday that the consensus secured during the summit in Amman was the best evidence of the good intentions of brother Arab leaders, "who proved to the whole world that Arab Nation is one body and one goal and that Arabs are very much attached to each other to the extent that such

a link will never be severed." King Fahd was speaking at a Saudi cabinet meeting. The cabinet expressed deep satisfac-tion at the outcome of the Amman summit, saying that the re-solutions adopted at the summit "are designed to enhance the concept of Arab solidarity and

collective Arab work.' In Oman, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Yousef Ibn Alawi said that the Amman summit "constitutes a new turning point in the history of Arab solidarity."

In a statement to the Abu Dhabi-based Arabic daily Al Ittihad, Mr. Ibn Alawi described the Arab move to restore diplomatic relations with Egypt as a positive step.

The crown prince and prime minister of Kuwait, Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah, has called for the readmission of Egypt into the 21-member Arab League. The call was made in an inter-

view with the Paris-based Arabic service of Radio Monte Carlo which was broadcast Monday Sheikh Saad said Egypt should be readmitted because of the

gionally and internationally. Kuwait last week became one of the first Arab states to resume being thoroughly searched at Sy- for four hours on Wednesday. | diplomatic relations with Egypt.

leverage it can exert both re-

## Iraq reports blunting Iranian ground assault on central front Tehran says Bushehr nuclear plant hit

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — Iraq said on Tuesday it had repulsed Iran's official Islamic Republic an Iranian offensive on the central sector of their warfront and Tehran said Iraqi warplanes raided a nuclear plant in southern

An Iraqi military communique said three Iranian infantry battalions attacked Iraqi positions 120 kilometres east of the capital Baghdad early on Tuesday and were beaten back with heavy

The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said the "reckless attempt" by Iranian forces to gain a foothold in the central sector was "crushed overnight, with massive losses in

The agency said tank-backed troops were routed by a "massive barrage of fire... which turned enemy forces into corpses littering the battlefield."

Iranian President Ali Khamenei called on his nation's

News Agency (IRNA) reported the Iraqi air strike and accused Iraq of violating "international conventions" by attacking the unfinished nuclear plant in Bushehr, killing several employees.

In an apparent reference to the same raid, INA said Iraqi jets carried out "destructive strikes" on a "chemical production com-plex" in the Iranian port of Bushehr. It was believed to be at least

the fifth Iraqi air strike since March 1984 on the 1,200-megawatt plant, which had been under construction by a German firm for several years before the revolution took power in Tehran in 1979 and closed it down.

The Iranians said last March that they had moved "fissionable material" into the plant, warning that further bombings by the Iraqis could result in "the same radiological consequences as forces to "capture the battle- Chernobyl," a reference to the Soviet plant where an accident spread massive radiation in April

Officials of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) in Vienna said earlier that they did not know whether the Iranian claim of fissionable material in the plant was true, because no on-site inspection had been

made. The plant is 60 kilometres inland from Bushehr, a coastal port on the Gulf.

INA quoted Iraqi President Saddam Hussein as saying the raid had "foiled one of the filthiest and dirtiest Iranian intentions against the Arab Nation.'

"In a telegram sent to the commander of the Iraqi air force, President Hussein said he had received with great pleasure" the news of the raid, the news agency

It also quoted a war communique as saying Iraqi warplanes destroyed a Hawk surface-to-air missile battery on Iran's key Kharg Island oil terminal.

## Peres: Reagan willing to commit successors over Mideast peace talks

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said on Tuesday that President Ronald Reagan had offered to commit key aspects of U.S. foreign policy beyond his own presidential term if Israel accepted an international Middle East peace conference.

"The present administration is ready to reach with us a memorandum of understanding about the nature and the limitations of an international conference, the nature and the prospects for the ongoing aid to Israel, economic and military in the future, if we shall open the doors to go ahead and negotiate peace in the Middle East," Mr. Peres told Jewish fund raisers from abroad.

An aide to Mr. Peres said a

A memorandum conditionally pledged the United States since 1975 not to negotiate with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), the aide added.

A spokesman for Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, who opposes Mr. Peres' proposal for an international conference, said Mr. Shamir knew nothing of an offer from Washington but that a new memorandum would be irrelevant "because such a conference will not exist."

The Israeli government has been deadlocked for months over the conference proposal. Mr. Shamir argues a conference would force Israel to withdraw from the occupied territories.

memorandum of understanding A conference is backed by the was a document binding U.S. Arab states, the PLO and Westpolicy from one administration to ern Europe. Its participants

would include Britain, China, France, the Soviet Union and the United States - the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council. Mr. Peres. who described the

Reagan administration as probably the most friendly Israel ever enjoyed, said: "I don't know who the next administration will be, but I wonder if it will be as friendly as the present adminis-tration... should we not utilise a big friendship?"

The memorandum would bind the United states to continue backing Mr. Peres' view that an international conference would lack the power to impose a solu-tion in the area, an aide to Mr. Peres said.

Mr. Peres said the idea of a

(Continued on page 3)

## U.S. and Soviets confident of wrapping up INF pact

pre-summit talks seemed confident Tuesday a treaty to eliminate intermediate-range nuclear U.S. Secretary of State George forces (INF) will be ready when U.S. President Ronald Reagan ter Eduard Shevardnadze may and Soviet leader Mikhail Gor-bachev meet Dec. 7 in trol meeting in three months Washington.

Yuli Vorontsov, the chief Soviet negotiator, said in a Soviet television interview that work on the treaty, about 120 pages, was in its final phase and should be completed by Nov. 23.

Mr. Vorontsov was interviewed shortly before he was to meet with U.S. chief delegate Max Kampelman at the U.S. mission for what U.S. sources said was scheduled to be a final session between the two arms control chief negotiators.

The sources said Mr. Kampelman was to decide during the session whether he would issue a public statement.

Most of the busy day was taken by two meetings between Mr. Vorontsov and U.S. Assistant Secretary of State Michael Arma-

GENEVA (AP) - Both sides at cost for discussions on "regional

Officials on both sides said Shultz and Soviet Foreign Minis-

Meanwhile, a plan for Mr. Gorbachev to address the U.S. Congress during summit and for Mr. Reagan to appear on Soviet Television faces opposition from some U.S. lawmakers.

An appearance before a joint session of Congress is an honour usually reserved for the leaders of democratic allies, and aides to some senators said the plan would meet strong resistance.

The tentative agreement was reached Friday during a meeting between Senate majority leader Robert Byrd and the Soviet ambassador to Washington, Yuri Dubinin.

If Mr. Gorbachev is allowed to address a joint session, Mr. Reagan could deliver an uncensored, half-hour address on

## Israelis to expel Muslim spiritual leader

TEL AVIV (AP) - Israel has ordered the deportation from the occupied Arab territories of a Muslim leader who allegedly distributed cassettes calling on Arabs to attack Jews, military officials said Tuesday.

Ahmad Abdul Aziz Odeh, spiritual leader of the Islamic Jihad movement in the occupied Gaza Strip, was ordered expelled from the Israeli-occupied territories for his "extremist and inciteful" activities, the officials said.

Mr. Odeh was deported from Egypt in 1975 for belonging to an extremist Islamic group whose members assassinated Egyptian President Anwar Sadat in 1980. the officials said on condition of anonymity.

# New Iran arms sale charge emerges after Mitterrand broadcast

PARIS (R) — New allegations that France sold arms to Iran emerged on Tuesday, hours after President Francois Mitterrand denied any responsibility for illegal arms shipments between 1982 and 1986.

A provincial daily, Lyon-Figaro, in an article headlined "oriental missions," quoted an unnamed military official as saying French military planes carried arms to Iran and Iraq, which have been locked in war since

"The sales of arms to Iran and Iraq are not just a private deal," the daily said. "Between 1982 and 1986 French military planes directly transported arms and munitions, from Strasbourg to Tehran and Baghdad.'

Mr. Mitterrand on Monday broke a two-week silence about shipments of arms to Iran by the Luchaire armaments company to deny responsibility, saving in a radio interview he had been told suspicions France was breaking an arms embargo.

But he added: "The constitu-

tion does not require me to check export licences for war material." Lyon-Figaro said it had seen an official document ordering that

many once-affluent Lebanese on

the breadline. Their anger

erupted last week in a five-day

general strike and demonstra-

tions that paralysed the country.

Hamra Street on Tuesday, the

beggars were back too, using

methods some find frightening.

"Beggars are the other militia"

in Hamra," said city dweller Atef Omran. "They grab your jacket

and won't let go unless you give them money. It's the only way to

Mahmoud, who lost a hand in

an electrical accident last year,

said begging was his only way to

survive because he could not get a

corner near a luxury cinema.

He makes his bed on a street

His voice shaking, he said: "I

still remember when I used to

pass by these poor people. I

never thought I would become a

Mounir Toufic, a prominent sociologist, said economic

hardship and increased unem-

ployment — unions say 45 per

cent are jobless - had forced

many into either crime or beg-

The despair and disappoint-

get rid of them."

beggar myself."

When the stores reopened in

been used for the flights.

"According to our witness, the cargo consisted of missile systems, although there was no specific detail," the daily said.

Rejecting comparisons with Washington's Irangate scandal, Mr. Mitterrand said that he established the embargo on arms sales to Iran which Luchaire

with 31 and 56 respectively in the same period of 1986, Itim said.

The data did not include a The president stressed that separate figure on fatalities. Luchaire's shipments to Iran contained artillery shells, not misannouncements, at least seven siles. He also denied there was Palestinians and four Israelis any link between the Luchaire have died in the West Bank viotrade and efforts to free five lence so far this year. In the the arms consignments should not be listed on flight manifestos and Iranian kidnappers in Lebanon. occupied Gaza Strip, at least 10 Palestinians and three Jews have

ated for many an inner feeling of hopelessness," he said.

and dirty trousers, sat cross-leg-

ged on the pavement, waiting for

alms. On a good day he gets 500

"When there is fighting, I have to live off my savings from the past few days," he said.
"May God bless you. Give me

some money to buy milk for my

small child," says Fatmeh, 35, a

baby on her shoulders as she nags

"Please give me some money to buy bread," pleaded a timid-voiced six-year-old barefoot boy.

Bank employee Farid Makarın

told Reuters: "This is a normal

scene now in Beirut. Beggars

have to think of clever ways to

a beggar in a wheelchair only to

discover later that he was an

in the war, said: "I don't beg for

myself but to support my mother

new clothes and shoes on display

in the Hamra shops, But I could

and four small brothers.

He said he once gave money to

Hussein, 12, whose father died

"I always dream of buying the

draw our sympathy."

able-bodied fraud.

passers by.

Mahmoud, wearing a Tee-shirt

During the same period, 27 explosive devices were planted in the West Bank as compared with 18 in 1986. Itim reported.

been killed.

**Statistics** 

increase in

West Bank

TEL AVIV (AP) — The number

of Palestinian and Israeli victims

of violence in the occupied West

Bank has substantially increased this year, the Israeli News Agen-

In the January-October 1987,

the number of injured Jews rose

to 56 and the number of injured

Palestinians to 122 as compared

But according to army

violence

cy Itim has reported.

show

It also said 148 firebombs were thrown at Israeli targets in the first 10 months of this year while only 75 firebomb attacks have been reported during the similar period of 1986.

Itim said the number of attacks on Israelis rose by 200 per cent in the first 10 months of 1987 as compared with the same period last year.

The Israeli army demolished 72 houses of convicted or suspected Palestinian commandos in January-October 1987 as compared with only 30 last year, Itim re-

## Hamadei trial due in January

DUESSELDORF, West Germany (R) — The Duesseldorf high court said on Tuesday that Lebanese-born Abbas Ali Hamadei would probably go on Germans in Lebanon.

Hamadei, the brother of alleged hijacker Mohammad Ali 11-month investigation by the is charged with putting the West German government under pressure by kidnapping Alfred Schmidt and Rudolf Cordes in Beirut last January. Schmidt was released in September but Mr. Cordes is still

West German authorities say Abbas Hamadei took part in their abduction to force Bonn not to extradite his brother to the United States, which wants to try him for murder and the hijacking of an American plane in 1985. Both brothers are being held in Frankfurt jail.

tained in the same volume.

# U.S. 'intends Stinger sales' to Bahrain

United States intends to sell Bahrain Stinger anti-aircraft missiles, but will delay the sale so as not to endanger a Saudi Arms package before Congress, a govemment official has said.

Among the Gulf states, only Saudi Arabia has been allowed to purchase the sophisticated shoulder-fired missile in the past.

"We intend to sell them, it's just a matter of timing," said the official, who spoke on condition of anonymity. "We don't want to confuse the Saudi arms deal," he added.

Congress is considering a \$1billion compromise package of jet fighters and other military hardware for Saudi Arabia. That sale was presented by the administra-tion of President Ronald Reagan on Oct. 29 after months of wrangling with opponents. If no objections are heard within 30 days of the presentation, the sale will go through.

The administration originally proposed a \$1.4-billion deal, but congressional opposition, espe- men concerned over the prolifcially to inclusion of 1,600 Maver- eration of the missiles, which are ick anti-tank missiles. The compromise removed the Mavericks from the package.

The official said the administration would consult with Congress about the Bahrain deal, although the package is not big enough to require congressional authorisation. He declined to say how many Stingers would be shipped to Bahrain, but the threshold for congressional approval is \$14 million.

A defence official, who requested anonymity, said Bahrain would be offered only a small number of the missiles, "certainly fewer than 100."

Outgoing Defence Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger "is very sympathetic to this request," the source added. "Bahrain believes it is exposed out there in the Gulf and needs to beef up its antiaircraft defences."

The sale is expected to stir

WASHINGTON (AP) - The withdrew it because of heavy some opposition among congressportable and could fall into the hands of terrorists or hostile countries like Iran.

Democratic Senator Dennis Deconcini, a leading opponent of Stinger sales to non-NATO countries, last week expressed concern that a \$2-million package of Stingers being delivered to Chad this month could fall into the hands of Libyans fighting the forces of President Hissene Habre.

Congressional and other critics note that Stingers given to Mus-lim rebels in Afghanistan may have reached Iranian Revolutionary Guards, who used them to fire at U.S. helicopters in the Gulf last

The administration's decision to sell Bahrain the Stingers is part of U.S. efforts to shore up its strength in the face of threats from Iran to Western oil shipping. Bahrain, allows the United States use of naval and other Bahrain.

The Bahrain Defence Forces helped airlift wounded American sailors following the May 17 Iraqi missile attack on the USS Stark

The warship was towed to Bahrain and partly repaired Bahrain "is not pressing heavily for the Stingers, but they've indicated they would like to have

them," said the official. The United States is concerned that if it refuses to sell Stingers to its Gulf allies, these countries might turn to the Soviets. Last year, the Kuwaitis signed a \$327million arms package with Moscow after the United States re-fused to sell them Stingers.

The defence source said Mon. day that Bahrain also had expressed an interest in program pressed an interest in procuring Cobra helicopter gunships and night-vision equipment for its military forces. The official said no decision had been made to sell that type of equipment to

#### Beggars haunt Beirut's Hamra Street lapsed currency have dumped during 12 years of war have cre-

By Marwan Naamani

BEIRUT — Poverty vies with commerce in Beirut's once glitzy Hamra Street where 300 beggars in as many metres have ousted fashion to ply their sad skills. Gone are wealthy Lebanese

rubbing shoulders with foreign travellers in luxury boutiques. coffee shops and movie houses. After 12 years of civil war. begging is just about the only

flourishing business left in warravaged Lebanon. Here the poor jostle with storekeepers and barrowboys for money — and with one another as they seek the most successful techniques to get it. Some recite verses from the

Koran to lure a pious Muslim, others hire children as bait or pretend to be crippled. Many don't have to pretend —

real victims of the thousands of tonnes of shells, bombs and bullets that have ravaged Beirut. Abu Ahmad is 45 and blind and squats at his pitch behind a

pot of small change.

"In Lebanon a human being is despised because he is blind and exposed to a slow death. I have to beg to eat ...this is my social security," he said.

**Moroccan wins French literary prize** 

PARIS (AP) — Tahar Ibn Jel- androgyny. loun, a Moroccan writer and journalist, has won the Goncourt Book Award for his strange tale of a boy raised as a girl in the closed, stifling world south of the Sahara desert.

Unanimously saluted by French critics. La Nuit Sacree. (The Sacred Night) published by Le Seuil, is the bizarre itinerary of a young man whose true identity is kept from him by his father. Near death, the father finally reveals the secret of the son's prize will reflect on generations Absent One's Prayer).

of young Maghrebins many of whom are forgotten and even The Goncourt Prize is the most threatened. prestigious of France's many literary prizes. Although it bears no financial reward, it virtually guarantees the book will be a best-seller and makes its author a

"I'm touched, but not knocked out," Ibn Jelloun said after learning he won the prize. "This is the first time an Arab has received

household name in France.

never afford them ... I can only A crushed economy and col-ment suffered by the Lebanese afford to look," he said.

> Ibn Jelloun, 43, is no newcomer to the French literary scene. La Nuit Sacree is his 13th book. His previous works include L'Enfant De Sable, (Child of the Sand) the prelude to La Nuit Sacree published in 1985, L'Hospitalite Francaise, (French Hospitality) Ecrivain Public, (Public Writer) such an important honour. The and La Priere De L'Absent (The

## Iran-contra report to be released on Wednesday

WASHINGTON (R) — A congressional report on the Irancontra scandal will be released on Wednesday, a day later than scheduled, due to minor editing caused by "all the thousands of footnotes," congressional aides have said.

The Senate spokesman said committee staff had underestimated the time needed to "check all the thousands of footnotes in the final form" of the report on President Reagan's most damaging foreign policy scandal.

The massive report - 700 pages in its final printed form was originally due at the end of September. It was expected to be highly critical of Mr. Reagan for his role in the affair.

A mounting controversy early in November 1986 over the president's secret arms sales to Iran exploded into a full-blown scandal on Nov. 25 with the disclosure that arms sales profits had been trial in January on charges relat-ing to the kidnapping of two West diverted to Nicaragua's contra

> The report was the result of an specially created House of Representatives and Senate Iran-Contra Committees. The committees reviewed some

200,000 documents and interviewed more than 500 people in secret before calling 30 key witnesses to testify at 11 weeks of televised public hearings.

In addition to the main report. compiled by the Democratic majority on both committees together with three moderate Republican senators, a minority viewpoint that takes issue with some of the findings will be con-

## Sudanese rebels claim capture of 3 garrisons pian government Monday denied

NAIROBI, Kenya (AP) — a strategic garrison on Sudan's Southern Sudanese rebels Moneastern border with Ethiopia. day claimed they captured three garrisons and a tiny garrison town on the extreme south of the Blue Nile River.

Radio SPLA, clandestine station of the Sudan People's Li-beration Army, identified the "enemy stations" as Korarbud, Demai-Mansur, Balberad and

Demal-Mansur is a tiny town south west of Kurmuk. Rebels last Thursday captured Kurmuk,

The radio station, monitored in

Nairobi, said the four garrisons were taken last Friday. It did not mention rebel or government troop casualties.

But it said 300 government soldiers were killed in the battle for Kurmuk. Last week, rebels reported 17 soldiers killed at Kurmuk, which they said was defended by 1,000 troops. The rebel radio and the Ethio-

claims by Sudanese Premier Sadek Al Mahdi that Ethiopian troops helped the rebels by shelling Kurmuk. The rebel radio said it had .....

taped the battle on video. "All: are welcome to see for themselves the truth. As in all other battles, SPLA has no foreign troops and no foreign fire power. In principle, SPLA will never accept foreign intervention on its side," the broadcast said.

#### Arrest of Communists 'dents Turkey's image' return, that anti-Communist laws

ANKARA (R) — Turkey blotted its human rights record and de-nted its drive to join the European Community (EC) when it arrested two Communist leaders in a blaze of publicity on their return from exile, Western diplomats said on Tuesday. "Turkey has handled the affair

badly," one senior Western diplomat said. "Its image among EC states has taken another battering on the human rights and democracy front, but there is time to retrieve the situation." Haydar Kutlu and Nihat Sar-

gin, now in Ankara police headquarters where they can be held for up to 15 days without charges, returned on Monday after fleeing into self-exile in the wake of a 980 military coup.

Mr. Kutlu was secretary-general of the Turkish Communist Party and Mr. Sargin held the same post in the pro-Moscow Turkish Workers Party. The two parties merged in Brussels last month under the banner of the Turkish United Communist Party.

Their stated aim is to establish a Communist Party to fight elections, in line with all EC states. Turkey has banned Communism and its propagation since the mid-1920s.

Both men face up to 15 years in jail if convicted of leading and

Cairo (MS)

Damascus, Sana a (IY)

Rome (AZ)

being members of an illegal group. They could be jailed for another five years for dishonouring Turkey's image abroad.

Ankara-based diplomats said Turkey could help to defuse the row over Mr. Kutlu and Mr. Sargin by releasing one of them quickly and freeing the other after a trial.

"This would be against all precedent in Turkey," one diploma-tic source said. "But there is sufficient pragmatism to allow such a move.

Both President Kenan Evren, who led the 1980 coup as a general, and Prime Minister Turgut Ozal have said there is no room at present for a Communist Party in Turkey.

The aim of the amival of the Communists is to tell Europe that source said. "But we must no there is no democracy in Tur- confuse this with what action the Gen. Evren said on Monday.

will come when we will have such term in general elections on Nov parties in Turkey."

Diplomats from EC countries say Ankara knows that it will have to lift the Communism ban if its application for EC entry, made last April, is to succeed. Mr. Ozal indicated last month,

when it became known that Mr. more than three per cent of the Kutlu and Mr. Sargin planned to Poll.

might be repealed. "It is important that some groups in Turkey should not be frightened by change," he said.

An about-face last weekend, when he accused extreme leftist groups of "terrorism" probably stemmed from unease within his conservative Motherland Party and the powerful National Security Council headed by Gen. Evren, political sources said.

Senior sources within the Motherland Party said Mr. Oza ... had considered repealing anti-Communist laws and his initial remarks were to test domestic reaction.

"Some of us have no fear. courts take."

Political analysts said Mr. Oz-"They are trying to be heroes and to enter jail. Probably a time turned for a further five-year al's bright chances of being re-29 were unlikely to be dimmed by the return of the two Commun-

> They said more than 65 per cent of the electorate traditionally voted right-of centre and Communists would be unlikely to wir

## TV & RADIO

#### JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE Programme Review Woodie Woodpecker 06:00 World News 06:09 24 Hours:

Children's programme Local series

...... Local series

Local Programme
News in Arabic Cultural programme
Wrestling News summary PROGRAMME TWO | PROGRAMME TWO | 17:30 | French programme | 19:00 | News in French | 19:15 | A'ujourd 'hui en Jordanie | 19:20 | News in Hebrew | 19:45 | Sport School | 20:00 | News in Arabic | 20:30 | Valeric — Boston Tea Party | 21:10 | Horses, eps. 6 — "Power and Plenty"

. "Hi De Hi" — Comedy series RADIO JORDAN

855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19 Newsdesk
Morning Show
News Summary Morning Show Contd
Men from the Ministry 10:05 11:00 Songs from Movies
News Summary 11:30 12:00 Readines
Pop Session
News Summary 12:05 12:30 Pop Session News Bulletin .....Instrumentals Easy Listening .... Concert Hou ..... News in Summary Instrumentals Old Favourites jordan Weekly Pop Session News Summary Science Report 18:30 News Desk Date with a Star Evening Show 21:00 Evening Show Contd.

News Summary

Evening Show Continued

News Summary

#### 23:05 ...... Evening Show Continued 23:57 ...... News Headlines ...... Close Down BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 KHz

News Summary 06:30 Report on Reli-gion 06:45 The World Today 07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Meridian 08:00 World News 68:09 24 Hours: News Summary 08:30 Development 87 09:00 World News 09:09 Reflections 09:15 Classical Record Review 09:30 Brain of Britain 1987 10:00 World News 10:09 British Press Review 10:15 The World Today Press Review 10:15 The World Today 10:36 Financial News: Sports Roundup 10:35 Dave Gelly's Songbook 11:00 News Summary: Omnibus 11:30 Quote. Unquote 12:00 World News 12:00 News About Britain 12:15 Natural Selection 12:25 A Letter from Wales 12:30 Mendian 13:00 Radio Newsreel 13:15 Masterpiece in Miniature 13:25 The Farming World News 14:00 24 Hours: News Summary 14:30 Development '87 14:35 Good Books 15:00 News Summary: Outlook 15:45 Report on Religion 16:00 Radio Newsreel 16:15 A Personal Look at Remembrance 16:30 Don't Stop Now. It's Fundation 17:00 World News 17:15 A Personal Look at Remembrance 16:30 Don't Stop Now. It's Fundation 17:00 World News 17:15 A Personal Look at Remembrance 16:30 Don't Stop Now. It's Fundation 17:00 World News 17:15 A Personal Look at Remembrance 17:45 Personal Look at Remembrance 17:45 The World Today 18:00 World News 18:09 A Letter from Wales 18:15 Training for Tomorrow 18:30 New Ideas 18:50 Sports Round-up 19:00 Newsdesk 19:30 Muliutrack-2 — Top Twenty 20:00 News Summary; Out-iouk 20:39 Stock Market Report 20:45 Cond. 20:39 Stock Market Report 20:45 Good Books 21:30 Assignment 22:40 New Summary; Network U.K. 22:15 Essays on Popular Music 22:45 Re-cording of the Week 23:15 The Royal Concert 23:25 A Letter from Wales 00:15 Wright On ...

**VOICE OF AMERICA** MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz

06:00 News 06:10 Newshite 06:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newsline 08:30 VOA Morning 09:00 Newsline 08:30 V/OA Morning 09:00 News 09:10 Newsline 09:30 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:30 Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Focus 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Magazine Show 21:00 News 21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Newsline America 22:30 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News & Editorial 23:15 Music USA Jazz 24:00 News 06:10 World Report

## TODAY'S EVENTS

**EXHIBITIONS** 

☆ Art exhibition for Kamal and Nidal Tabbal at Housing Bank Complex (un-til Nov. 21).

An exhibition of Jordanian and French stamps at the Ministry of Com-munication's postal museum, near 8th Circle (until Nov. 20).

PRESENTATION

⇒ Presentation Du Cycle Rohmer Par by M. Abu Ghanimeh 7:30 p.m. at the French Cultural Centre.

CINEMA ☆ "Ma nuit chez Maud" at 8:00 p.m. at

the French Cultural Centre. CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre Te	i. 66102 <b>6</b> 7
American Centre	61437
American Centre Library	64153
British Council	. 636147/1
French Cultural Centre	63700
Goethe Institute	64199
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	674040
Spanish Cultural Centre Turkish Cultural Centre	63977
Haya Arts Centre	665104
Hussein Youth City	A671V14
Y.W.C.A.	411703
VWM A	D4   14.
Y.W.M.A. Amman Municipal Library .	004251
Animan Municipal Cibrary .	വ/[]]
Univ. of Jordan Library	84,5555

**MUSEUMS** 

"Children's Heritage and Science "Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday. Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has

WHAT'S GOING ON

a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays i0.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Martyrs' Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holi-day Inn. 1:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings ev-

Lious Philadelphia Club, Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club, Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club, Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534.

## CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunctation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757, Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic),

Jahal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian In-guage, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 678906, chaplain's residence tel. 601359, Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich.

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafich, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, Tel. 77[75]. Amman International Charch (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. 6/1/234. Evangelical Latheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m., Rev. N. Smir, tel. 811295
Rainbow Congression

Rainbow Congregation (meets at the Good Shepherd's Church) glish Service: Saturday at 6:30 p.m. tel. 822606, Rev. Veli. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the anti-quities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Doy Saints (Mormon) Tel. 815817, 821264, (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00

Tel. 771331.

### QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oucen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 5320-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

09:15	Agaba (RJ
09:30	
09:30	Kuwait (RJ
09:30	Damascus (RJ
09:50	Dhahran (RJ
10:00	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ
16:45	
17:40	Athens (RJ
18:15	London, Geneva (RJ
18:15	Istanbul (RJ
18:30	Madrid, Belgrade (RJ
18:45	Bangkok (RJ
18:45	Rivadh (RJ
18-50	New York, Amsterdam (RJ
23:55	New York, Amsterdam (R)
	Dagnoad ( K )

OTHER ELICUTE (TA

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

# FOR THE TRAVELLER

12:10

19:15	Aqaba (RJ)
19:30	
19:30	Kuwait (RJ)
19:30	Alwan (KJ)
	Damascus (RJ)
19:50	Dhahran (RJ)
0:00	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)
6:45	Cairo (RJ)
7:40	Athens (RJ)
	THE PARTY (NO.)
0:12	London, Geneva (RJ)
8:15	Istanbul (R I)
8:30	Madrid, Belgrade (RJ)
8:45	Bangkok (RJ)
	THE PART OF LIVE
0:42	Riyadh (RI)
8:50	New York, Amsterdam (RJ)
3:55	Baghdad (RJ)
	······ bagngau (1C)

J111	CA FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)
17:40	Karachi (PK)
19-35	
1:00	Sana'a (IY)
1:20	Damascus (AZ)
1:45	Kuwait (I N)
2:10	Kuwait (LN) Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF)
3:40	Koszát (K11)
5:00	Jeddah Medina (SV)
7:30	Baehdad (IA)
1:00	Baghdad (IA)
1:40	Paris Damascus (AF)
2:25	Tripoli, Damascus (PK)
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

...... Aqaba (RJ) ...... Vienna, New York (RJ) ...... Athens (RJ . Geneva. London (RJ 13:30 Kuwait (R.) ...... Dhahran (RJ) Bahrain, Doha (RJ) Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) ...... Cairo, London (BA) ..... Larnaca, Zurich (SR) ... Damascus, Tripoli (PK

...... Kuwait (KU) ..... Medina Jeddah (SV) 23:15

13:00 Tripolı (LN)
13:45 Doha Abu Dhabi (GF)
15:00 Kuwait (KU)

MONEY EXCHANGE					
Tue	sday	rates			
Local sell/buy	cates	ın file			
Belgian franc	44.1	/" W			
Dutch guilder	175	178			
French franc	58 1	59			
Italian lira	76 W	27			
Japanese yen (for 100)	746.7	25			
Swedish crown	51.8	55.			
Swiss franc	240.4	245.			
I k sterling nound	507 D	£43.			
U.K. sterling pound U.S. dollar	. 30/.8	599.			
W German mark	. 203.99 2 2001	340.			

PRAYER TIMES

04:45		Fajı			
16:t <sup>17</sup>		(Sunrise) Duha			
11:21	***************************************	Dhuhr			
14.12		'Ası			
16:35		Maghreb			
17:57		~!sha			
WEATHER					

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be relatively warm in the morning, with southeasterly moderate to fresh winds causing dusty condito mean winus causing dusty condi-tions. In the afternoon medium and high clouds will appear, with chance of scattered showers. In Aqaba, it will be dusty. Winds will be southerly moder-

Аппап	Min./max.	len
Amman		97
Aqaba		20 /
Deserts		8/
Jordan Valley		14 /
<del>.</del>		
Yesterday's high man 22. Aqaba 32 Amman 24 per o	temperatures:	A
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## USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

#### **GENERAL EMERGENCIES**

Amman governorate 891228
Amman Civil Defence 198, 199
Civil Defence Irbid 771293, 273131
Civil Defence Quweismeh 770733
Civil Defence Deir Alla 57306
Ambulance 193, 775111 

Fonce nearquanters 89639(y)
Traffic police 89639(y)
Electric Power Co. 636381/4, 624881
Municipal water complaints 771125/8
Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn Akileh Maternity, J. Amn Jabal Amman Maternity	644281/6
Malhas. J. Amman	636140
Palestine, Shmeisani	664171/4
Shmeisani Hospital	669131
University Hospital	845845
Al-Muasher Hospital	667227 <i>1</i> 9
The Islamic, Abdali	666127/37
Al-Ahli, Abdali	664164/6
Italian. Al-Muhajreen	
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh	
Army, Marka	891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital	602240/50
A 1 1 1 1 1	

Jordan Television Radio Jordan 774111/19
Ministry of Tourism 642311
Hotel complaints 666412
Price complaints 661176
Telephone Information 12
Jordan and Middle East calls 10 Overseas calls

## **NIGHT DUTY**

Dr. Yousef Hourani	625478				•	•
Dr. Akram Samban	894611		. •	٠.		
Firas pharmacy	661912	•	٠.		•	
Ferdows pharmacy	787550			•		٠_
Al Asema pharmary	65/100					
Nairoukh pharmacy	623672				-	
Nairoukh pharmacy	636730	•				
						_
TAXIS:	- 30770	Ξ.		•	•	
Kayyali taxi Taxina taxi	030130					
Taxina taxi	044000					٠.
Tamer taxi	000907	••	•		٠.	
Raghdan taxi	842400		-			
Raghdan taxi Raqab taxi Sayel taxi	736121					-
Saycı taxı	110121	-				٠.
IRBID: Dr. Ahmad Al Naqouri ZARQA: Dr. Sameer Al Lawzi Al-Ahlia		`~				٠
Dr. Abroad Al Novemb	(_1	. '	·			
Dr. Anmad Ai Naqodri	()	10	P.			
ZARQA: Dr. Sameer Al Lawzi Al-Ahlia		٠,	7.	٠.		
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## MARKET PRICES

## Jordanian-Egyptian transport committee modifies travel, transport regulations

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan and Egypt on Tuesday agreed on a number of measures designed to facilitate the movement of passengers and goods between the two countries and to encourage tourism via the Aqaba-Nuweibeh sea route.

At a meeting of the Joint Jordanian-Egyptian Transport Committee, the two sides agreed to reduce the fare from Aqaba to Nuweibeh from JD 19 to JD 16

They also decided to extend the time of stay for Jordanian days, thus allowing tnem more this meeting, the ministers will time for changing cargoes. The delegations also agreed to increase the labour force for loading and unloading cargoes in order to facilitate the process.

According to the agreement reached on Tuesday, transit passengers will be allowed to stay 72 hours, rather than 48 hours.

Minister of Transport Ahmad Dakhqan and his Egyptian coun-terpart, Suleiman Metwalli, set Dec. 1 as the date for a meeting of the transport ministers from trucks in Egypt to 15 instead of 10 Jordan, Egypt and Iraq. During

announce the establishment of the Arab Navigation Bridge

At the beginning of Tuesday's meeting, which was also attended y Jordan's ambassador to Egypt, lussein Hammami, Mr. Metwalli praised the great efforts of His Majesty King Hussein in ensuring the success of the extraordinary Arab summit in Amman, and his great contribution towards the restoration of relations between Egypt and a number of Arab

## Hindawi visits vocational Hamzeh training school for girls IRBID (Petra) — Minister of Education Thougan Hindawi on Tuesday visited the Al Husson are attending courses at the recently-opened school. The courses offered focus on commercial sciences, nursing, sewing and

Female students from the

neighbouring areas of Irbid, Hus-

soun, Sarih, Aidoun, and north-

ern Msar are enrolled at the

Secondary Vocational Training School for Girls. Mr. Hindawi was briefed by

e head of the school, Fatimah Al Humoud, on the institution's various departments and vocational specialisations.

school, which was constructed at a cost of JD 750,000.

Social services office to open in Shobak district

beauty.

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Labour and Social Development Khaled Al Haj Hassan decided on Tuesday to open a new office in the southern district of Shobak for offering social services to the more than 10,000 citizens living

Mr. Haj Hassan also said that

by the end of this year, four more offices for social services would be opened throughout the

The inauguration of the office in Shobak comes in line with the ministry's policy of extending so-

## Education team to design plan for occupied territories

TUNIS (Petra) — A special committee entrusted with designing educational programmes for stu-dents in the Israeli-occupied Arab territories on Tuesday opened its 37th session to review progress in its programmes. The committee, comprising rep-

resentatives from Jordan, Syria,
Lebanon, Palestine, the Arab
League Education, Cultural and

Scientific Organisation (ALEC-SO) and the Arab League General Secretariat, will also discuss proposals for the production and exchange of educational radio and television programmes and school books.

Jordan's delegation to the meeting will submit a report on the Ministry of Education's role in the committee's work.

## King inaugurates university

(Continued from page 1)

them, and when our sciences with theirs become arteries pouring into the course of human civilisation instead of remaining as it is now, a burden on others in the field of science and its implementation.

He hoped that JUST would take the "course of higher studies and science research related to the Jordanian society in keeping up with developments and changes it witnessed, ready to confront what may come in the future... open to the world and learning from its experiences while preserving its character."

Addressing the gathering at the university, the King said: "It gives me pleasure to meet you face to face with you after you met with me and the leaders of the Arab Nation through the media during the Arab summit conference. My joy in meeting you compliments my joy with the success of that conference that spread harmony in the Arab atmosphere of restoring solidarity and accord."

> JUST President Kamel Ajlouni earlier delivered a speech in which he welcomed His Majesty. thanking him for inaugurating the university and his concern with its establishment.

> Dr. Ailouni said that ever since it was conceived by a Royal Decree in September last year, the university had been striving to become, with all its academic and administrative resources, "as (Your Majesty) wanted, a uni

versity to teach comprehensive tinuously working to realise your

Dr. Ajlouni reviewed the developments in the establishment of the 12,000-dunum university after finalising work on its infrastructure and general services. His Majesty earlier toured the

university campus amid students who cheered him - "the champion of Arab accord and harmony," and wishing him long life. His Majesty put the cornerstone for a medical science college complex which is expected to cost JD 13.7 million. It will include the faculties of dentistry, pharmaceutical studies, nursing, supporting medical sciences and other sciences. The complex cov-

ers 80,000 square metres.
The King left the university amid cheers expressing happiness at his visit. The university was decorated with Jordanian flags and signs welcoming His Majesty.
The ceremonies were attended

by Her Majesty Queen Noor, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Prime Minister Zaid Rifai who is also chairman of the Higher Education Council, Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Lawzi, former prime ministers, Royal Court Chief Marwan Al Qasem, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid, Cabinet members, a number of deputies and senators, the governor of Irbid, presidents of uni-versities and heads of diplomatic missions accredited to Jordan and senior civilian and military offi-

## inspects Jerash, Ramtha hospitals

AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of Health Zaid Hamzeh on Tuesday made surprise visits to Jerash Hospital and the Ramtha Government Hospital, where he inspected clinics, management buildings, laboratories, operating rooms and patient's rooms, a ministry spokesman told the Jor-

He said the minister demanded that the necessary maintenance procedures for all sections in the Ramtha hospital be completed as fast as possible.

Dr. Hamzeh stressed the importance of abiding by no smoking rules in hospitals, clinics and waiting rooms, as well as following official uniform regulations. Still, he said, the foremost concern for the hospitals was to serving patients and treating them with the best possible care.

Dr. Hamzeh, according to the ministry spokesman, also inspected the Jerash Hospital and Ukrainian delegation begins friendship visit AMMAN (Petra) - An official other cultural items, as well as a

Tuesday for a several day official visit to the U.S. Force officials (Petra photo)

Jordanian military delegation, headed by Com-

nander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces Field Mar-

headed by Ukrainian Minister of

Transport Pavel Volkove, who

also is member of the state's

The festivities marking the

Jordanian-Soviet friendship kick

off tonight at the Palace of Cul-

This evening's celebration will

include speeches by a representa-

tive from the joint friendship society and Mr. Volkove, in addi-

tion to an artistic performance by

a folklore troupe from the Soviet

Exhibitions displaying chil-

dren's artwork, artefacts and

central committee.

delegation from Ukrainia in the series of lectures, will take place Soviet Union arrived here on throughout the week. Tuesday to take part in the week-The Soviet delegation will also long celebrations of the Jordavisit a number of the Kingdom's nian-Soviet Friendship Society.
The 22-member delegation is

SHARIF ZAID LEAVES FOR U.S.: Field Marshal Sharif Zaid and the delegation were

shal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, left for Washington on 🛮 Fathi Abu Taleb and other senior military and Air

historical and archaeological

## Theatre group returns after success at Carthage festival

group from the Department of Culture and Art returned home on Tuesday after staging a successful play entitled "The Time is Ripe for Fantasy" at the Carthage International Festival for Theatre Arts, which concluded in Tunisia recently.

festival's prize for staging the best

arrival at the Queen Alia International Airport by the under secretary of the Ministry of Transport, the Soviet ambassador to Jordan and members of the

Jordan's delegation won the

joint friendship society.

# AMMAN (Petra) — A theatre play in the category of profession-

Eleven Arab and foreign countries participated in the festival. The Jordanian group included: Usama Al Miqdadi, assistant director of the Department of Culture and Arts: Hatem Al Saied, director of the department's section for theatre arts; and the play's director, Khalid Al

seen off at the Queen Alia International Airport by

Armed Forces Chief of Staff Lieutenant-General

## U.S. and China praise King's efforts, success of summit

By Hamadeh Far'aneh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — U.S. Ambassador to Jordan Roscoe Suddarth on Tuesday commended His Majesty King Hussein's efforts in hosting the extraordinary Arab League summit in Amman, and said the summit was "indeed a meeting of reconciliation and agreement among the Arab leaders."

unanimously by the participants and has not changed." the ambasis very forthright," the ambassador said. "King Hussein deserves a large measure of credit for the successful conclusion of this summit," he added.

"On the tragic Iran-Iraq war, the Arab League communique has solidly emphasised the need for an immediate, negotiated end to this war in accordance with U.N. Security Council Resolution 598; and it has issued a call for action by the international community to end the war." Ambassador Suddarth said.

"This is a positive step which recognises the danger the war poses, not just to the region, but to the international community as well. It's another clear indication war," he stressed. The U.S. ambassador said

several Arab states which had severed ties with Egypt have now begun the process of restoring full diplomatic relations with this important Arab country. "This, of Arab summit, and we welcome it," he said,

"The final communique issued cerned, the U.S. position is clear. to work with the parties in the Middle East to develop a framework, acceptable to all, that could lead to negotiations for peace. A comprehensive peace settlement to the Arab-Israeli dispute is something we have worked on for years, and it is something we will continue to emphasise," Mr. Suddarth said.

Chinese Ambassador to Jordan Chang Jin also praised the great efforts made by King Hussein to ensure the success of the extraordinary Arab summit in Amman

In a statement issued on Tuesday, the ambassador expressed great admiration of and satisfaction with the positive results of of the overwhelming concern the summit. He voiced his hope throughout the Arab region and that these results would contrithe rest of world to put further bute to the achievement of a just pressure on Iran to accept resolu- and honourable settlement of the tion 598 and to end this tragic. Arab-Israeli conflict and ensure a quick end to the Iran-Iraq war, thus easing the tension in the Gulf region.

Referring to China's response to the summit, Mr. Jin said, "I would like to stress anew that China has always called for unitcourse, is another positive de- ing Arab ranks; therefore, we velopment coming out of the support any step designed to achieve this goal."

Mr. Jin also said that his coun-"As far as the subject of an try was interested in seeing a international conference is con-speedy end to the Iran-Iraq war.

## **NEWS IN BRIEF**

### **PSD** chief leaves for Rome

AMMAN (Petra) — Director-General of the Public Security Department (PSD) Lieutenant-General Abdul Hadi Al Majali on Tuesday left for Rome as the head of a PSD delegation. Lt.-Gen. Majali is accompanied by Colonel Ahmad Khasawneh, Colonel Nimer Al Hmoud, and First Lieutenant Fadel Al Hmoud on the visit to Italy, which is expected to last several days.

## Iraq, Jordan review ties in oil exploration

BAGHDAD (Petra) — The Iraqi oil minister on Tuesday reviewed with the under-secretary of the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources, Ibrahim Badran, means for strengthening cooperation in the field of exploration. The two ministers reviewed steps towards implementing an agreement concluded between Iraqi and Jordanian oil companies to prospect for oil in

## Tunis reception marks King's birthday

TUNIS (Petra) — Jordan's ambassador to Tunisia, Talal Sata'an Al Hassan, on Tuesday held a reception at the Mashtal Hotel here to celebrate His Majesty King Hussein's 52nd birthday. The party was attended by Tunisian ministers and senior officials, members of diplomatic corps in Tunis, Arab League officials, and members of the Jordanian community in Tunisia.

## Iraq reports blunting assault

(Continued from page 1). Reporting the Iranian attack on the central front, the Iraqi military command said only a few of the attackers were able to flee. Analysts estimated the Iranian force at some 2,500 men and said it had attacked in hilly terrain on the central front, which is always

heavily defended. Iran has foreshadowed a major offensive for the last week and Iraq on Monday said its armed forces were on full alert to crush

any attack. Military sources in the Gulf anticipated that Iran would mount another full-scale offensive on the southern front against Iraq's port of Basra.

The Iranians launched a major thrust towards Basra at the end of

last year, taking heavy losses in edging close to the city on the Shatt Al Arab waterway between the warring states.

The size of the Iranian attacking force on the central front suggested it was not the start of a major offensive, but more probably a probing attack.

Tehran Radio said later that the Iraqi attack on the nuclear power plant killed 10 people including a West German engineer.

The radio said the raids also injured a number of people and damaged facilities.

It identified the German victim as Juergen Friedrich, of the West German Atomic Energy Enterprise which supervises maintenance of the unfinished power

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Ordinary issue No 355



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Peres: Reagan willing to undertake guarantees andum binding U.S. policy area of Egypt's Sinai desert.

memorandum serving as insurance for the future was raised some months ago but he was revealing it only now because we have to make a major effort to go to the conference."

Mr. Peres says the conference will serve as an "umbrella" under which direct talks could be held with individual Arab states to reach binding peace. Mr. Peres gave no details of a

pledge dealing with aid to Israel. already the biggest recipient of U.S. foreign aid at \$3 billion a year. But aides said a memorandum would bind the U.S. to at least maintain aid at its present

The introduction of a memor-

beyond Mr. Reagan's term was potentially controversial because the 1975 pledge about the PLO was often cited by aides of President Jimmy Carter, who took office in 1976, as hindering their own Middle East policy.

The 1975 pledge, under President Gerald Ford, was formulated by then U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger and said Washington would not talk to the PLO so long as it did not explicitly recognise Israel's right to exist, halt "terror" acts and accept U.N. Security Council Resolu-tions 242 and 338.

The pledge was part of a package whose main point was an Israeli withdrawal from a key happen."

Carter: Peace conference will have to wait

Mr. Carter said Monday an international Middle East peace conference could have to wait until after next year's U.S. elections because the Reagan administration is unwilling to push for

"I don't see any real impediment except that Washington is not now willing to really push for an international conference," Mr. Carter said in a television interview. "I think most other people are waiting to see this

Mr. Carter noted that the Arab League unanimously endorsed the international conference idea at the summit in Amman last

"I think there is a general consensus that this is the best way to approach the next step to a Middle East peace," he said. "That may have to wait until after the elections in the United States and maybe in Israel next year." Mr. Carter has been an advo-

cate since his presidency of an international Middle East peace

Mr. Carter said; "I think the inevitability is that the Soviet Union would be involved with

conference.

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## Israel's illusions

ISRAELI officials are already gravely misreading or at least propagandising their own version of the basis of the Arab accord and harmony achieved at the extraordinary Arab summit in Amman last week and the ensuing resumption of diplomatic relations with Egypt by several Arab countries, notably the Arab Gulf states. Earlier this week, the Israeli cabinet discussed the outcome of the recent Arab summit and attempted to dissect and analyse its resolution amid reports that the Israeli leaders were entertaining ill-founded notions that, first, by resuming diplomatic relations with Egypt on such a large scale in the wake of the Amman summit, the Arab World was moving towards the Camp David Accords, if not directly, then by implication. Secondly, the Israeli leadership is gauging the Arab perception of the continuing war between Iran and the Arab World as dangerous and threatening enough to cause the Arab countries to rush into any peace solution with Israel. They are making the mistake of concluding that with the eyes of the Arab World diverted to the Gulf tensions, the Palestinian conflict has been downgraded as a less than primary concern. In conclusion, the Israeli officials have so underestimated the depth of and rationale behind the Arab accords and steadfastness arrived during the summit that they have determined that now is the time to strike at the heart of the Arab World by intensifying its game of on-and-off alignment with Tehran. This Machiavellian reading of the events in the Middle East and the Arab Gulf will certainly lead the Israeli leaders nowhere. To begin with, the Arab solidarity achieved at the Amman summit is much more solid and genuine than they have understood; and no amount of manipulation of the Tehran card by Israel can influence the course of the Arab-Israeli conflict. By pinning too much hope on the illusion that the Iranian danger will make the Arab side relinquish their rights and duties on the Arab-Israeli front, they are much mistaken.

The Israeli government would be better advised to be wary of reaching premature or baseless conclusions, or they will find themselves the biggest losers in the end. Most of all, Israel must not fall victim to careless conclusions that by bringing Egypt back to the Arab fold, the Arab governments are well on the road to acceptance of the Camp David Accords. This misinterpretation of Arab moves to resume diplomatic relations with Egypt is a dangerous game for Israel. In a way of proof, Jordan has long since resumed relations and maintained the best of terms with Egypt. Yet, Jordan is holding strong to its convictions that no peace with Israel can be achieved except through an international peace conference under the U.N. auspices. It will be recalled that it is Egypt rather than Jordan that has changed its perspective vis-a-vis the methodology to be employed in the search for peace in the Middle East, emerging strongly in favour of the international peace conference idea rather than the Camp David approach. It would be more accurate to view the normalisation of relations with Egypt in this light. rather in the haze of illusions.

## **ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS**

## Al Ra'i: Summit puts Arabs on track

THE Amman extraordinary summit has succeeded to put us once again before a reality which suggests that any national achievement is one that affects every Arab state and that any national victory is one that has to spread to cover the Arab World. This reality, that we have always defended, explains the real joy over the outcome of the summit by our people in all Arab states. It also justifies the respect among friends around the world as they follow discussions on the summit and as they sense the seriousness through the response of Arab capitals. The Amman summit's utmost achievement is the reaffirmation of the pan-Arab dimension that should prevail inter-Arab and Arab-international relations, and which should dominates all what we plan for and seek to implement. For the absence of this dimension in Arab political, economic and military fields has led to the present weakness. If we all embark on building our economy from the reality that we are one nation in one homeland, and if we begin to build our military power based on this fact, and if we begin to deal with others, confronting the enemies and seeking ways to salvation based on the pan-Arab dimension, we would have achieved what seems today close to a miracle - that is the restoration of the homeland and its unity. The Amman summit has succeeded, because Arab leaders stood together to confront a threat to our very existence, challenges that surround us and designs spreading from Jerusalem to Basra.

## Al Dustour: Iran's massing of troops

AS the press continues to report about Iran's massing of its military in preparation for an aggression on brotherly Iraq, the Arab Gulf again witnesses more Iranian attacks against international navigation in a way that shows the extent of extremism and deep slide that determine the stands of Iran and its short-sighted policies. Although Iran has tried its luck after similar massing of troops last year, which did not result in anything but further destruction and the bitterness of failure. Tehran's rulers who are full with war hallucinations return now to repeat the show, following the same methods, trying to reach unattainable goals against the steadfastness of Iraois and their strong will. It seems that the united stand reached at the Amman summit, and the collective and clear condemnation of Iran and its occupation of Arab territories has irritated the rulers of Tehran and expedited their drive towards a military adventure. Those rulers, before others, know its tragic results they are bound to reach. This, however, requires Arab leaders, who put aside their difference to support Iraq, to hasten in crystalising a formula of solidarity that is capable of dealing with this Iranian threat. The Arab Nation that has restored its solidarity at the summit of accord and harmony and put the Iranian threat as a priority is now called upon to teach the Iranians, with all available means that behind Iraq there is one nation that stands with all its resources and capabilities beside the Arabs' right to defend its lands and safeguard their dignity and determine their national and pan-Arab choice without any foreign interference, pressure or intimidation.

# What Americans simply cannot see

**By Claudia Wright** 

IN WASHINGTON it is often said that information is power. If that is true, two recent pieces of information ought to have made a powerful impact — not only in Washington, but on public opinion throughout the U.S.

On March 4 of this year, a U.S.

federal judge sentenced Jonathan Pollard to life imprisonment for spying for Israel. Pollard was not the first U.S. government official to be caught spying for Israel, but he was the first to be arrested. indicted, convicted, and imprisoned for being paid by Israel to break U.S. espionage laws. The Pollard case came to a climax at the same time that disclosures by the press, by the president's special review board, by two congressional select committees, and by Judge Lawrence Walsh, the special prosecutor, were all revealing the same explosive fact: That the highest officials of the Israeli government had instigated the Reagan administration to participate in illegal Israeli arms sales to Iran between 1985 and 1986, and for several years before

Information about the Pollard spy case and Israel's role in the Iran arms scandal has been easily available. Pollard was front-page news at the time of his arrest in November 1985; again when he and his wife pleaded guilty to spying in June 1986; and once more when they were sentenced early this year. Even more prominent in media coverage has been he Iran arms scandal. To a casual observer, the connections and parallels between the two cases should have been obvious. In both cases, the Israeli government had been secretly involved in breaking U.S. laws and lied

about that involvement later. In ately flouts U.S. laws and Instead, people were asked why both cases, officials in Tel Aviv and Washington knew that Israeli cases were revealed, officials at the highest levels of the U.S. Israelis had broken U.S. laws to benefit Israel and enrich them-

There are other parallels between Israeli espionage in the U.S. and the Iran arms scandal that are not yet public knowledge. They will certainly not become known if the congressional investigation headed by Senator Daniel Inouye and Senator Warren Rudman gets away with the cover-up they have intended for Israel's benefit. What remains to be uncovered, for example, is the possibility that there are others, including men who are or have been high-ranking officials in the U.S. government, or consultants to the U.S. government, who have been involved in the same Israeli spy ring knew that Pollard had spied to which Pollard belonged. It is mitigate Pollard's wrongdoing, Pollard was an Israeli spy! Sixtytip the Israelis off before they could be arrested in this country, and help cover up this and the Iran arms scandals, high-ranking U.S. officials have conspired to break other U.S. laws, and obstruct justice.

But even before detailed information of this kind is available, the American people should know more now than they have ever known before about Israeli behaviour towards the U.S. government. For the first time, all Americans can know what a

breaches U.S. industrial and military secrets, in order to boost objectives ran contrary to U.S. Israel's defence industries with policy. When the secrets of both sales that are subsidised by U.S. aid money, and profits that are invested in still more theft of government concluded the American technology. Yet, surprisingly, the American people do not understand this at all. At least, not according to a national media networks, like the New York Times and CBS.

In April, four weeks after Pollard's sentencing, these two media organisations conducted a nationwide poll on the spy case and Israeli involvement in the Iran arms scandal. They selected 1,045 people at random for telephone interviews, plus 43 Jews specially identified so that their views could be compared to those of non-Jewish Americans. The first question mentioned Pollard's spying, and asked what country he had spied for. The response was extraordinary. Only 19 per cent of the non-Jewish Americans against the U.S. for Israel. Only possible also that, in seeking to one person in five understood seven per cent — that is twothirds of the people questioned around the country — said they did not know who Pollard had been working for. And 13 per cent guessed he had been working for the USSR or the Communist bloc. If you extrapolate these responses to the nation as a whole, an incredible 81 per cent four people out of every five
 apparently do not know for whom Pollard spied, or even that

he was a spy at all. Public knowledge of Israel's handful have been trying to say for decades: That Israel deliber- not tested by the Times-CBS poll.

they thought Israel had "suggested" the U.S. sell arms to Iran in the first place. Sixty-nine per cent replied the Israelis had acted to "help themselves"; 7 per cent said "to help the U.S."; and 21 per cent said they didn't know. Despite the enormous media coverage, what exactly the Israelis did has not been clearly communicated and discussed; it would be more accurate to say that what the Israelis did has been covered up.

The poll reveals, however, that as soon as the truth begins to break through, very important shifts in public opinion begin to take place. Once the non-Jewish Americans polled by the Times and CBS were told that Israel was behind both the espionage and the illicit arms trade with Iran, their anger and support for U.S. retaliation rose sharply. Even so, a quarter of the people questioned could give no answer on what action the U.S. should take. A similarly negative but nonspecific attitude has been recorded in other opinion polls dealing with U.S. military aid to Israel. Before the arms scandal, roughly two-thirds of Americans felt the U.S. should keep its arms aid to Israel at or above the existing level. Since the Iran scandal, the proportion of Americans tavouring a cut in U.S. aid to Israel rose to 41 per cent.

But even that response masks the pervasive public ignorance of exactly how much U.S. military aid Israel actually receives. Most Americans simply do not know this. In a rare 1985 poll that identified the multi-billion dollar value of U.S. aid to Israel, and then asked Americans whether should.

they think the level is "too much," "too little," or the "right amount," only a third supported the existing level of aid or more. A clear majority, 54 per cent, thought U.S. aid to Israel was

In my experience, black Americans have a far sharper understanding of this point than do white Americans. And this suggests that it is not so much exposure to the media and level of information that contribute to understanding as isolation from the media and distrust of its message that produces judgements that are closer to the truth. Black Americans know better than most not to believe what they read in the white press. They know better than most to distrust the official claims of the U.S. government. Accordingly, they are less taken in by the propagan-da of Israel and its U.S. allies.

But to go back to the majority of white, non-Jewish Americans. When they discover — if they discover — the truth about Israeli espionage in the U.S., then they react sharply. After the non-Jewish respondents were told by the pollsters who Pollard was and what he had done, they expressed far more anger at the Israelis than those who had already known about the case. Those for whom this was new information also expressed far more support for Pollard's life imprisonment. The non-Jewish Americans who were hearing about the Pollard case for the first time were also more certain it would cause serious damage to U.S.-Israeli relations

- because they thought it

The Times-CBS poll helps to confirm that information does have an impact on public opinion. But the fact that many may never have even seen press reports of the poll results, or discussions of what it meant, confirms another important point. This is that ignorance about Israel's role in spying against the U.S. and selling arms to Iran is pervasive across this country. Ignorance. not information, is Israel's great media asset. Americans support Israel because Israel and its American supporters have pulled off a gigantic confidence trick According to a recent technical assessment of opinion polls on Israel by William Schneider in the National Journa! (May 1987)
"there is every reason to expect
an anti-Israel backlash in the Uning. There is little evidence that mental C damental commitment to Israel has been shaken... While poll results cannot be completely reassuring, the trends are at least encouraging for Israel and American Jews." This is very misleading. The poll evidence actually shows the reverse - but only when Americans understand

what the Israelis have done! Thus, while the current polls can be reassuring to Israel and its U.S. supporters, the reason is that the American public is too ignorant to react as American Jews expect them to. The American public's commitment to Israel has not been shaken by the espionage and arms scandals because Israel's defenders in the U.S. have misled the American people and kept them in ignorance of the truth - Middle East

## Reagan's seven-year conservative crusade over

By Valerie Strauss

Reuter

WASHINGTON — Seven years after Ronald Reagan was elected to the White House and 14 months before he leaves it, there are increasing signs that the conservative "Reagan revolution" is

In the past week, a series of events have underscored his declining powers of persuasion and ' his inability to translate his conservative rhetoric into long-lasting policy.

Reagan has had a major impact on American society in essential ways, key among them the general acceptance of his belief that there are limits to what the federal government can afford to do for its people.

But Reagan's performance has often belied his rhetoric, even on his central thesis that "less government is better."

The federal deficit has soared since he was elected in November 1980 and he has presided over the transformation of the United States from a creditor nation to

the world's largest debtor. The disparity between words and results is apparent on other

In his presidential campaigns, Reagan called for moving the Supreme Court to the right, unguan contra rebels and a huge military build-up.

He vowed to ban abortion, restore school prayer and said taxes would be raised over "my dead body." He lambasted every arms control treaty signed with Moscow and called the Soviet Union an "evil empire."

But as he heads into his last 14 months in the White House. Reagan finds himself making compromises that he would never have accepted at the height of his political power and that have disappointed his ardent conservative supporters.

Reagan is three weeks from signing his first arms control treawith Moscow at a summit which some deeply conservative admirers have viewed as a sign Reagan has abandoned the conservative cause to boost his declining status.

Reagan's struggle to fill a vacancy on the Supreme Court further symbolises his recent dif-

He first picked arch-conservative judge Robert Bork, who was rejected by the Senate by the widest margin in history for a high court nominee. A defiant Reagan then vowed to give the Senate somebody they would object to just as much and picked

judge Douglas Ginsburg.
The Senate never got the chance. Ginsburg withdrew after

disclosing he had smoked mari-

Last Wednesday, Reagan chose the moderate California judge Anthony Kennedy, who judicial experts say is likely be a centrist who prevents the court from overturning key decisions on social issues such as abortion.

Reagan has also been forced to compromise in his Central American policy, which has as its cor-nerstone Reagan's unwavering support for the contra rebels in Nicaragua. But under strong pressure not

to odstruct an uniokung initiative by the leaders of Central America's five countries, Reagan has agreed to delay until next year a request for new military aid for the contras. He made the concession only a

few months after calling the peace plan "fatally flawed," in part because it would end U.S. support for the contras. Last week, he could only sit

and fume as Nicaraguan President Daniel Ortega, whom Reagan has called a "little dictator," flew to Washington to unveil a plan for a ceasefire with the

ters in a church just two blocks

from the White House. security adviser, to succeed haw-

contras and to welcome suppor- fence secretary was another sign defence budgets. that the Reagan revolution is

The rise of the pragmatic Frank Weinberger had presided over rent tune, saying he was willing to Carlucci, Reagan's national an unprecedented peacetime compromise with Congress and military buildup and had stood realised that "we will be talking kish Caspar Weinberger as defirm against any attempt to cut about a smaller military force.

In confirmation hearings last Thursday, Carlucci sang a diffe-

# War serves Iranian regime's ill-designs

To the Editor:

AS THE Iran-Iraq war, now in its eighth year, rages without end, Khomeini's adventurism threatens as never before the stability and security of the Gulf region. Despite the mullahs' rejection of any peace initiative, including United Nations Security Council Resolution 598, the unprecedent extensive and coordinated international undertaking to end the conflict reflects the concern of the world community over this profound tragedy and Khomeini's crisis-making in that strategic region of the world. These activities range from the presence of outside naval forces to attempts at imposing an arms embargo on the regime.

After 1.5 million casualties, three million refugees and \$500 billion of economic damage on the Iranian side alone, the carnage rages on due to Khomeini's belligerence. Can the world put on the mullahs any pressure greater than the catastrophic, stalemated war itself? Indeed, countless peace delegations have left Tehran empty-handed, never grasping the reason for the war's

From day one, the Khomeini regime has relied on repression and war to avoid coming to grips with the original expectations of the revolution. Unable to cope with the nation's 20th century needs, it made dissent a capital crime and channeled the tremendous energy released by the 1979 revolution to external crises instead of domestic construction.

The ruling mullahs first masterminded the (U.S.) embassy hostage crisis to gag the democratic opposition, and then welcomed the war as a "divine blessing," because it served the same purpose. Presently, adventurism in the Gulf, kidnapping and terrorist subversion supplement the stalemated conflict. To keep a betrayed and increasingly disaffected nation at bay, they have executed 70,000 dissidents and jailed 140,000 more. Instead of liberty, peace and progess, the ideals for which thousands died, they brought Iran a devastated agriculture and industry, 50 per cent unemployment, rampant government corruption and the oppression of women, among others. Today, an ocean of blood and betrayal separates the mullahs from the citizenry.

The much touted mass mobilisation to prepare for the "final" offensive was a failure. Last year, Iranian casualties in 30 major offensives against Iraq exceeded 300,000. Opposition to the war has reached new heights. According to U.S. News and World Report, 350,000 Iranians of draft age have fled to Turkey to evade forced dispatch. Of the 6,000 conscripts at the Afsarieh training base in Tehran, 75 per cent deserted before the end of the term in March. Numerous anti-war demonstrations have erupted in cities and on military bases.

The regime's chaotic situation has also exacerbated factional infighting. Last fall, Khomeini moved to depose his hand-picked successor. Montazeri, ordering the arrest of his relative and top aide. Mehdi Hashemi, and many of his followers in various government agencies. Then came Khomeini's decree in June to dissolve the ruling Islamic Republic Party, undermining mullah Ali Khamene'i, the regime's president and the party head. By summer's end. Khomeini stripped Montazeri of his title as the heir apparent and ordered the execution of Hashemi. It is now abundantly clear that the system cannot function without Khomeini's direct intervention in the day-to-day affairs of the state. In a radio address, Hashemi Rafsanjani admitted as much: "In our situation, no one other than your holiness (Khomeini) can solve these problems. Without your presence at this crucial juncture, we do not know to whom we can turn in the future."

High-pitched rhetoric, the "war of embassies" with France, terrorist activities in Mecca, the subsequent ransacking of the Saudi and Kuwaiti embassies in Tehran and missile attacks against Kuwait and Baghdad are the regime's recent attempts to allay irremediable military, political, economic and social disasters They have been particularly aggravated by the repercussion of the Irangate scandal, the escalating resistance and the overwhelming international pressure for peace exemplified by the U.N. Security Council resolution. France's painful lesson of appeasing and later severing ties with Khomeini proved the futility of dealing with a terrorist regime thrashing in every direction to keep itself afloat.

Although the turbaned tyrant tries to cover up each domestic and international setback with a new foreign crisis or by devouring another faction, each of these acts in turn become part. of the momentum leading to the regime's inevitable fall.

So long as this regime remains, war, repression and terrorism will persist. It is essential, therefore, that the whole world, particularly those who fought Hitler's fascism, be partners in neutralising the conspiracies of this "little Hitler" of our time. Moral and geo-political considerations are best served by an arms and oil boycott of the Khomeini regime and the recognition of the Iranian people's long-denied but unwavering yearning for peace and liberty, which is represented by the National Council of Resistance of Iran.

> Ali Safavi, U.S. spokesman, People's Mojahedin of Iran. Washington D.C.

## wavering support for the Nicara-|Superpower strategic pact still a long shot

By Carol Giacomo Reuter

WASHINGTON — Private U.S. analysts have grown more optimistic that President Reagan can sign a strategic arms pact before he leaves office in 14 months, but most still give long odds.

"I'm a little more optimistic because I thought they'd run out of time," said Albert Carnesale, academic dean at Harvard University's John F.Kennedy School of Government and a former member of U.S. arms control delegations.

"But now given the momentum of the INF (intermediate nuclear forces) agreement they might be able to do it," he told Reuters. Reagan and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev are due to sign a pact scrapping their INF nuclear missiles at a summit in Washington next month.

Arms analysts said other factors had boosted the possibility of a superpower accord on longrange strategic arms, such as the departure from the Reagan admi-

Secretary Caspar Weinberger. Reagan and Gorbachev have pledged to hold substantive discussions on the tougher issues of long-range strategic weapons and space defences during their

Vashington talks. They expressed their intention to meet again in Moscow during the first half of 1988 for the out Soviet retaliation.

possible signing of a treaty slashing their strategic arsenals in

Carnesale said he thought there was a one-in-four chance Reagan and Gorbachev could agree on a framework agreement such as former President Gerald Ford and Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev reached on limiting strategic arms in Vladivostok in 1974.

Joseph Nye, director of Harvard's Centre for Science and International Affairs, placed the odds for such an agreement at about 30 per cent while Soviet emigre Dimitri Simes of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace was more bullish, saying "the chances are no less than 50-50."

Strategic weapons are at the heart of superpower arsenals and the deterrence doctrine of 'mutual assured destruction,"

Progress on reducing the arsenals so far has been blocked by Reagan's refusal to limit his strategic defence initiative (SDI), the "Star Wars" programme to nistration of hardline Defence build a space shield against enemy missiles.

Reagan insists SDI could free the world from the terror of nuclear weapons. Gorbachev fears the United States could launch a first strike against his country while sheltering behind a trillion-dollar, high-technology array of defences that would shut

## Egypt's locust fighters prepare for invasion

By Sara El Gammal

TAIRO - Swarms of desert lorusts, the voracious harbingers of amine, are massing near Egypt's porder and threatening the counry's fertile Nile area

Agriculture Ministry officials ay the ravenous insects, which nultiply up to 100-fold in their ix-week life cycle, have already ittacked crops and caused great lamage in Egypt's southern neighbour, Sudan.

And they foresee a possible hreat of famine if the swarms hit he Nile valley and delta, the nain food producing area for 50 nillion Egyptians.

"The destructive pests are posng more serious threats this year han last year and the year before lespite extensive control operaions in the African continent. Yassin Osman, undersecretary at he Ministry of Agriculture told

Egypt can ill-afford mass food destruction. Figures show one million babies are born every 10 months, and the country is already saddled with a crippling foreign debt of \$40 billion.

The fight against locusts is unending, with potential invasions throughout the year from bordering countries - from Saudi Arabia and the Yemen via the Red Sea in the east, from Sudan in the south and Libva in the west.

"Our situation is very sensitive. All our crops are concentrated in a narrow green strip in the Nile Delta and the valley. If the locusts enter that area, they will do enough damage possibly to cause a famine." Osman said.

Only four per cent of Egypt's total area of a million square kilometres is cultivated.

Five anti-locus observations units, and some 350 trucks, spraying equipment and insecticides, are deployed on the south-eastern Egypt-Sudan border dangerous," said Tawfik. ready to defend the country against the expected autumn or winter onslaught.

After that, a springtime attack is anticipated - from North Africa and Saudi Arabia when locusts return to their summer breeding grounds.

Desert locusts are dreaded. A swarm weighing 10,000 tonnes will consume as much in vegetation before moving on for more food, Osman said.

In 1956 a mass invasion from the Libyan desert stripped the green from the land, leaving it bare in what was seen by some people as a "day of judgment."

There is another problem too. after heavy rain fell in Red Sea areas and southern Egypt last month, anti-locust expert Joseph Tawfik said.

"Local locusts, though less harmful than desert ones, could

"The rains may also make Egypt more attractive for invading desert locusts.

Tawfik was also concerned about recent reports from northern Sudan. He said these indicated that vast areas, from Khartoum to Darfour and Kordofan in the west, were contaminated with

When these locusts arrive here, they will have reached the flying stage," Tawfik said.

Campaign director Samir Girgis added: We are ready for their attacks. If swarms escape our first defence line in the desert and infiltrate the border, they have to get through two other

lines before entering the valley." Officials will not say what it costs to fight the locusts. But the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) provides equipment on request.



## Fighting the Nullbock syndrome

MANNHEIMER, West Germany - Nullbock is a sort of state of total lack of enthusiasm, a rejection of anything requiring the slightest bit of effort. It is a rising trend. More and more people in their early to middle 20s

have "Voll-Bock auf gar nichts." This is at least the finding of an advice centre of the Diakonische Werk survey in Ludwigshafen. It says that of 1058 people seeking

almost by accident became an

served his time in the Bundes-

hatred of people in authority, a feeling of powerlessness and

to be pushed back into the system.

had much to do with putting him off. Peter said he had just worked and worked. When he had saved the money to buy a house, the mother died. "My father put his entire energy into his dream, and in the end he had nothing. For me that makes so sense.'

Peter has had no contact with his father since he was thrown out of home four years ago.

out from his small, isolated world. He says he wants to work: he must work. He puts together a plan every day to get himself used to regular work.

on the agenda. Tonight he goes to meditation. But some weeks Peter spends entirely in his room. Sometimes he despairs of his meditation and group therapy. Talking makes no sense. Theoretically everything is all right with me." He has for a long time now got rationally to grips with his problem and had worked through his personal background. But although he has intellectually mastered it, he hasn't been able

"The problem is that I threw in my first job and all my jobs after that. I'm not stable enough." He didn't even manage to get down to the employment bureau. Now he has a pile of debts.

It is several months since he had his last job but had to give up after a few days because of bad headaches.

His is not an atypical case. Dr. Hans-Dieter Friebel, head of the Ludwigshafen city advice centre, says conflict with teacher or boss, too little sleep or too much alcohol can trigger off this wish to drop out. Someone who decides to take just one day off work often then decides to take another day off. But these factors alone are not the reason.

Friebel says that many see no sense in immersing themselves in an achievement-oriented situation for the rest of their days. Many quote anxiety about the future as a reason, fears of environmental catastrophe or war.

But the roots of this line of though lie more in family background rather than in social roots. Development of a sense of the value of work doesn't happen in most families, he says. Children grow up demanding things be handed to them. They become

Young people also come to his centre who have had little love and who are neglected, lonely and embittered.

So what do drop outs expect? Psychologists say one type submits to alcohol and is fed by friends. Others work occasionally when they can bring themselves to or until they have enough money.

Yet others remain angry against everything and take to rowdysm. Yet others spend the day in bed doing nothing and listening to music, a condition which Christl Leiber, of the Diakonische Werk centre, describes as a state "similar to genuine depression.

motivate the drop outs to drop back in. The very fact that they take the step of coming to an advice centre is progress in itself, she says. Her priority is then to bring patients out of their isolation. She sees it as important that new job opportunities become available. Also new examples of social groups such as friendship

Friebel wants to know whether

Friebel criticises the employment authorities and says they should try to motivate the people people are really fired up they really are able to bring a lot of energy to bear."

# See Turkey and ...

Turkey has the lowest proportion of passenger cars of any OECD country, but one of the worst road accident injury records. But tourists are likely to be blamed if they meet an overtaking truck David Barchard reports

ANKARA - A truck, travelling in the opposite direction to you on an overcrowded and winding mountain road, tires of the tedium of staying in the bumper to bumper traffic on his side and crosses over.

Oncoming traffic has a split second choice between a head-on collision and retreating to the gravel on the road's verge, inches from a thousand foot ravine.

One truck comes past in this fashion, then another, and another, forcing oncoming traffic off the road 25 times in 35 mi-This is not a scene from a

fiendish computer game or a horro movie but a typical afternoon's driving through the Taurus mounttains, along the road which links Turkey with the Middle East. The rapid expansion of the

Turkish economy in the last seven years has brought with it some of the worst traffic problems in Europe and a horrifying toll in accidents. Each year in Turkey, according

to Professor Ridvan Ege, head of the Traffic Accident Prevention Institute in Ankara, around 60,000 Turks are injured in road accidents and about 6,000 die. Yet Turkey has far the lowest number of passenger cars perthousand of the population of any country in the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) — 18 compared with 312 in the U.K. or 424 in West Germany or 135 in Por-

Other international comparisons are equally bleak. Roughly speaking, one has an eight times greater chance of dying in a road accident during a journey in Tur-Europe or North America. according to Professor Ege.

More depressing still, the situation seems to be getting worse. The number of road accidents each year jumped by 58 per cent between 1981 and 1985, a reflection perhaps of the growing numbers of vehicles on Turkey's

Just why this should be so is not immediately obvious. Though Turkey has certain overcrowded arterial routes such as those linking Istanbul and Europe with the rest of the Middle East, its 60,000 kilometres network of asphalted roads is a considerable engineerer standard than the volume of traffic carried on them would demand.

Turkey's distribution system, however, relies on underpowered trucks. These crowd the roads between major cities. "Traffic levels on some major roads are well above what is suitable for a two lane highway." says Mr. Atalay Coskunoglu, Director-General of Turkey's State Highways Organisation.

kunoglu.

Not only is the density of the traffic high, but the trucks which make up the greater part of it are often underpowered for the loads

Turkish-built trucks, especially the smaller ones, have less than 10 hp per tonne and operate below specifications acceptable in Europe. Local motor industry producers say that trucks normaly carry loads far in excess of those for which they were designed.

As a result, Turkey's major intercity highways are clogged with slow-moving traffic. Regulations about the number of hours a driver may stay on the road are widely ignored, though this may end with the introduction of tachometers.

Drivers travelling for hundreds of miles on congested roads, trequently through the night, often fall asleep at the wheel. When they do, there are rurely crash barriers to protect them.

The burned-out wrecks of lorries and buses which have plunged from the roadside into ditches or ravines are a frequent and woeful sight along Turkey's major highways.

An equally common sight is a line of trucks being stopped by the Turkish traffic police - but traffic safety does not seem to be high among the concerns of the police, who are usually checking that driving and vehicle licences are in order.

Road safety regulations are in any case often largely a matter of theory, with none of the supporting publicity usual in Europe. For years Turks were supposed to wear safety belts but the obligation was not enforced.

Last summer the police began to fine drivers on long distance routes who were not wearing safety belts, but the requirement is presented as a legal obligation key than one does in Western rather than something which will save lives.

Foreign tourists are usually waved through barriers by the police with a courteous smile, but every summer brings a rash or serious accidents involving visitors to the country. The legal consequences for any foreigner involved in a crash can be serious. In some rural areas, courts still tend to assume that a local man is

foreigner. volved in crashes belong to forebought cars and trying to squeeze

their home towns. three things would help bring road safety in Turkey closer to European standards: More

He was speaking in Ankara's main traffic accident hospital on a highway at the edge of the city. currently shut down and due to

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#### the engines, causing it almost to them. Continental Airlines jet in a It remained unknown why the plunge into the ocean, and two linding snowstorm on Sunday is jets had a near-miss over the

Continental crash heightens fears of flying EW YORK (R) — The crash of he latest in a series of accidents. ear-misses and missteps that ave shaken faith in the safety of ir travel in the United States. The Continental DC-9 that rashed on takeoff at Denver's tapleton international airport. illing at least 19 of the 81 people n board, was the second major isaster involving a commercial at in the United States this year. On August 17, a McDonnelllougias MD-80 of Northwest irlines crashed in a ball of fire n a highway seconds after taking if from the Detroit airport, killig 154 people on board and two in the ground.

. This past year also has seen selta Jet inadvertently turned off have warned the pilots about ciation, said earlier this year.

Atlantic Ocean. Even a helicopter flying Presi-dent Reagan to his California ranch had a brush with a small

plane that ventured too close. In that incident, the pilot of a single-engine Piper Archer light plane flew within 50 metres of Reagan's Marine One helicopter as it was taking him to his mountaintop ranch in southern Cali-

In the Detroit crash — in which the only survivor was a four-yearold child found in the wreckage the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) has tentatively ruled that the cause was improperly positioned wing flaps cidents in which the crew of a and a faulty alarm that should

pilots did not set the flaps and why the warning system did not

Fears about the safety of flying in the United States have been heightened this year by the growing number of "near midairs" the term safety experts use when two planes come unacceptably

close to each other. There were 311 such incidents in 1982, 475 in 1983, 589 in 1984, 777 in 1985 and 812 in 1986. Figures for 1987 have not been

compiled, but the people in the pilots' seats fear the worst. "Hell, every week that goes by, it's almost accepted as a common event, a near midair," Captain Hank Duffy, head of the 39,000 member Air Line Pilots Asso-

The competence of America's air traffic controllers is another concern.

Air traffic controllers are charged with ensuring that airplanes keep a safe distance from each other, both in the increasingly jammed skies and on the ground.

But the system has been under-staffed since 1980 when 11,700 air traffic controllers obeyed their union's call to strike and were fired by Reagan.

Some observers have voiced doubts about the competence of the people hired to replace the strikers.

"There are not enough controllers, and too many of them have a low experience level," said John Galipault, president of the Aviation Safety Institute, which monitors airline safety procedures.

## nherited biochemical defect linked to many mental disorders

By Lee Siegel The Associated Press

OS ANGELES — An inherited fect blamed for Tourette Synome, a disease that apparently spired "The Exorcist" book i id film, also may cause depressa and other mood and beviour disorders, said a study blished Nov. 13.

Tourette Syndrome often beis in children as uncontrolled e blinking and progresses until ; symptoms include facial itching and grimacing, head rking, arm flailing and foot

Many of its victims also bark,

out, sniff and cough uncontroll-

ly. Some can't stop cursing or hoing what other people say. A psychological questionnaire eministered to Tourette Synome patients and to others Tourette patients and peractive people with Touret-

afflicted relatives were signifintly more likely to suffer a riety of mood and behaviour oblems, indicating that the disorders are inherited together. The findings were published Nov. 13 in the American Journal of Human Genetics by Dr. David Comings, a geneticist at the City of Hope National Medical Centre in Duarte, California, and his

wife, psychologist Brenda Com-

A Georgetown University hospital case in the 1940s that inspired the book and film "The Exorcist" is now believed to have: been a case of Tourette Syn-

Comings said his research indicates a single inherited defect might cause 10 per cent to 30 per cent of all cases of hyperactivity. stuttering, multiple phobias, panic attacks, manic-depressive mood swings, depression, obsessive-compulsive and schizoid behaviours, dyslexia and so-called conduct disorders, including drug

and alcohol abuse. Data suggest the disorders may link together, both the Tourette and the behaviour disorders. Thirty per cent may be more than what you'd expect.

Time will tell," said Dr. Thomas Hicklin, a psychiatrist and chief of the children's ward at Los Angeles County-University of Southern California Medical

Comings said if his estimate is correct, perhaps more than 1 million Americans carry the te Syndrome is linked to conduct genetic defect associated with Tourette Syndrome, instead of the 100,000 previously estimated. And the majority without classic : symptoms may be receiving. psychiatric treatment for disorders better treated with medi-

cines, he added. "If your child is showing unusual behaviour - learning probsevere misbehaviours — you should consider the possibility they may have a genetic disease and it's not because you raised them wrong," Comings said.

"There's no question it (Tourette Syndrome) has a variety of different manifestations, said Dr. Ruth Bruun, a psychiatrist and the medical director of the Tourette Syndrome Associa-

gene may be lower than the 10 Comings. Most of the disagreement centres on whether Touretdisorders, manic-depression and hyperactivity, Bruun said. Long considered psychological, Tourette Syndrome now is be-

lieved to be caused by a defect on one gene or several genes that act as a unit, said Anne Spence, a geneticist at the University of "If we can find the gene and find out what the basic defect is, then we might find a better treat-

- some medication that treats them all instead of one at time, Comings said. Comings speculated the defect that apparently causes Tourette

impulses in the brain. In Comings' study, a 425-item psychological questionnaire was completed by 246 youths and adults with classic Tourette symptoms, 47 normal people, 15 hyperactive people whose relatives have the syndrome and 17 hyperactives without a family history of Tourette.

and the hyperactives with Tourette relatives were more likely to suffer from mood and behaviour disorders.

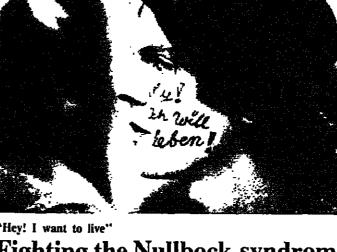
## tion in New York. Bruun said, however, that the percentage of non-Tourette dis-

orders caused by the defective per cent to 30 per cent cited by

California-Los Angeles. ment for a lot of these disorders

causes other disorders by disrupting chemicals that transmit nerve

Those with Tourette Syndrome



#### advice last year, about seven per cent had the Nullbock mentality. At another advice centre run by the city of Ludwigshafen, the

proportion is more: an estimated 35 out of about 200 youths. Peter, 26, wanted to be an animal keeper or a technical drawer but after he left school he

apprentice electrician. He passed through school without any real distinction and wehr. His first friendship with a

woman broke up. At this time he also had a bad motorcycle acci-Peter remembers that this all caused something to happen to him. He already had an intense

"If I hadn't been a bit of a nut, then I might have allowed myself

He sees no sense in working. Somehow, something inside me rejects it. I feel exploited, washed out and tired ... I've got no interest at all any more. The example of his father has

But now Peter wants to come

Today, lunch with a therapist is

to emotionally. He cannot fulfil his dream of changing his trade and job. He gets such a wild and indefinable panic about work and about himself that he finds it difficult even to apply to a job.

The first aim of treatment is to

circles. in the first place if patients have chosen the right career, if they are discouraged easily, if they have determination.

and not merely wave bureaucratic papers around. "When young

— Mannheimer Morgen.

#### On some trunk roads the average daily traffic is over 6,000 vehicles, of which more than half is heavy vehicles. "This is a much higher proportion than on a Western highway," says Mr. Cos-

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more likely to be innocent than a Not all the European cars in-

igners. The most lethal drivers in Turkey are said to be guestworkers returning from West Gering achievement. In many parts many for their holidays, hurtling of the country, roads often seem across the country in newlyin as much time as possible in Professor Ege believes that

> education, more police concern with road safety and less with formalities, and more investment in hospitals which specialise in traffic accidents.

reopen next year. The death toll seems likely to go on until official attitudes change. There is no sign that they will. Two years ago Turkey turned down flat an invitation to participate in European Road Safety Year — Financial Times

## op American humorist stumped y this year's campaign

By Arthur Spiegelman Reuter

EW YORK - Art Buchwald, e of the sharpest political morists in America, says the tes in the current U.S. presntial campaign are few and far ween - and that is bad for siness.

He has been writing humour

ce 1952 and can't recall such a mal period. low can you make fun of nald Reagan these days when president himself seems to e lost his sense of humour? low can you ridicule the horde Democrats seeking their parpresidential nomination when

one knows their names? Vhat's funny about Republipresidential aspirant Robert le, a war hero with an arm ously damaged in combat? Buchwald, a three-times a k humour columnist read by lions in the United States and oad, admits he needs material I that presidential politics uld form a major percentage. lut, with a furrowed brow and town, he says these are the es that try a man's funnybone

not his soul. I call the Democratic candies à car pool.

Nobody knows their names. I ik I should give them numbers. ead of using their names..." They've got to get better he recognition if they want to made fun of. The only one ) is different is (Democratic tender) Jesse Jackson but if make fun of him people ild say you are racist because



Art Buchwald Buchwald says that if it was up to him he would bring senator Gary Hary back into the Democratic presidential race along with Donna Rice, whose relationship with Hart became a major political scandal that forced him to quit

the campaign. Buchwald would also forgive senator Joseph Biden, who withdrew from the Democratic race when it was discovered his speechwriters lifted vast chunks of material from speeches given by other politicians including Neil Kinnock, the leader of the British

Labour Party. "All I am concerned with is making fun of them. I have no intention of worrying about what is good for the country. This country deserves a good slamhang campaign," says Buchwald.

Buchwald, who usually works

out of Washington to be closer to

the politicians he savages, is in

New York to promote his latest book, called "I think I don't Remember. The title is from a column he did when President Reagan could not recall signing an executive order permitting Israel to sell

U.S. arms to Iran. The president then challenged every one to remember what they were doing on August 8, 1985, to show how simple it is to forget things. That, says Buchwald, was

Buchwald, who on the cover of his book is shown smiling pixielike in a bowler hat, says he can't recall whether "I Think I don't Remember" is his 23rd or 24th But he does remember what it

was like to have funny politics. "Nixon was the best because we had Watergate. When he said 'I am not a crook" I put him in the hall of fame for presidents. I would give Nixon an 11 out of 10 for presidents. I would have given Reagan a 10 for Irangate but not enough people got indicted. They are all under suspicion of getting indicted but the special prosecu-

tor is much too slow.

rent crop of presidential hope-fuls, only Vice-President George Bush is funny. "He'll never overcome the wimp factor because he is a wimp." Wimp, with its connotations of spinelessness, has shaped up as a major descriptive word of

Buchwald says that of the cur-

the campaign. It is a serious business being funny, says Buchwald, adding, "I consider myself a political cartoonist with words. I like to do a visual Ronald Reagan, you know having him stand on the White House lawn with the helicopter whirring and the dog barking and he yelling at Sam Donaldson (a well-known television news correspondent) or some other reporter, 'we are not at war.'



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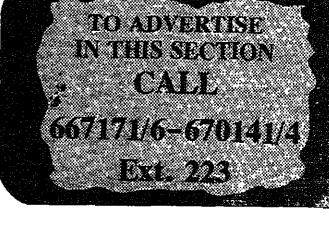
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(UEFA) after a tear gas incident

at a home match against Marseil-

le of France, club officials said.

European Cup competitions and

prohibited the use of their sta-

dium in Split for any matches

organised by UEFA after fans

UEFA banned Hajduk from all

## 14th battle for world chess crown drawn after 21 moves

SEVILLE, Spain (AP) — The 14th game of the World Chess Championship between titleholder Garri Kasparov, playing white, and challenger Anatoly Karpov, ended in a draw Monday after only 21 moves.

Kasparov leads 7.5-6.5, with natural style with white is far three wins, two losses and nine

"Kasparov is employing a very cautious strategy, very practical. With 10 games remaining. Karpov needs two wins to recapture the lead," said Yugoslav grandmaster Ljubomir Ljubojevic. who is the sixth ranked player in the world.

The winner of the 24-game contest requires 12.5 points or six victories. In the event of a 12-12 tie Kasparov will retain his title. A win scores one point and a draw a half.

Despite retaining his lead and edging nearer the final stages of the match, some experts remained critical of Kasparov's recent games with the advantageous white pieces.

Kasparov's last three games with white have each resulted in unusually fast draws, barely overmore aggressive. A win today would have given him a crushing three-win lead," said Danish international master Bjarke Kris-

The advantage of playing white in chess is often compared to serving in tennis.

The opening moves followed the 10th game which had petered out to a draw in only 20 moves. Karpov employed the safe and sturdy Caro-Kann defence, but departed from the earlier game with a new ninth move, offering to exchange the queens and reach

a peaceful endgame. For two moves, the queens faced each other across the board, but neither player was willing to make the exchange and Kasparov pushed his queen away on the 12th move.

In the middle game, experts said Kasparov had more space, stepping the 20-move mark. but faced an uphill task breaking into Karpov's solid defensive

# Evert tired of life on the road

may have reached the end of an illustrious career following a first round defeat against West German Sylvia Hanika in the women's tennis circuit championship on Monday.

With his opening advantage

neutralised, Kasparov played his 21st move and offered a draw.

When the players agreed, two

spectators in the Lope de Vega

theatre whistled, a possible sign of displeasure with the peaceful

The 15th game is scheduled for

Wednesday with Karpov playing

Kasparov, 24, lives in Baku, the capital of the southern Soviet

Republic of Azerbaijan. Karpov,

arrived more than five minutes late for the game. But Kasparov,

who also came to the board a

minute late, allowed his own time

to tick away as he waited for the

Karpov's tradiness meant

photographers were unable to get

any shots of the challenger on

In international chess events,

photographers are only allowed

to take pictures for three minutes

at the start of play. Although they

were given a two-minute exten-

sion by the match arbiters. the

photographers were eventually

bustled off the stage before Kar-

pov appeared.

At the start of play, Karpov

comes from Moscow.

conclusion.

Hanika, ranked 14th in the world, ended a run of 14 successive defeats against Evert by winning 6-4, 6-4. With her 33rd birthday one

month away - and with Steffi Graf and Martina Navratilova firmly entrenched as the world's admits she is tired of her gypsy existence and longs for a normal

SEOUL, South Korea (AP) -

Juan Antonio Samaranch, presi-

dent of the International Olympic

Committee (IOC), said Tuesday

the 1988 Seoul Olympic Games

will be one of the best in Olympic

Samaranch also said in a cere-

mony to unveil a bronze statue he

donated to the Seoul Olympic

Organising Committee (SLOOC)

that South Korea has done its

best in organising the games. The statue "Atleta," which

portrays a male athlete, was cast

in 1950 by Jose Ayatz of Spain,

and SLOÓC officials said it will

be displayed in the Olympic Park.

Samaranch later attended a re-

"I'm sort of relieved the year is over," Evert said after her first round defeat in the \$1 million championship which marks the climax of the women's circuit.

"It's been a long year with a lot of tournaments and I haven't been home for more than 10 days at a time.

Although she won five titles in 1987, it was the first year since 1975 she failed to win one of the

four Grand Slam championships. She also failed to reach at least number one and two - Evert the semifinal stage of the U.S. Open for the first time in her career after a disappointing quar-

ception at a gymnasium in the

Olympic Park to sample food

planned for athletes' menus dur-ing the Olympics. Officials said

the committee plans to provide at

least 266 different kinds of dishes

tion" with Seoul's preparations

for the games, including security

measures, after inspecting sports

facilities and meeting with SLOOC President Park Seh-Jik

and Sports Minister Cho Sang-

They said Cho urged Samar-

anch to help ensure the participa-

tion of North Korea and other-

Communist countries in the Seoul

Ho, sports officials said.

Samaranch expressed "satisfac-

for Olympic participants.

ter-final showing in which her serve deserted her against Lori McNeil in much the same way it did against Hanika.

"I've had four or five matches where I've really played below par," said Evert. "It must be nature taking its course."

During her 16-year career, Evert has won 18 Grand Slam singles titles and a total of 153

singles titles. Evert said emotions had played a part in her tacklustre year. 'The first few months weren't that happy. Going through a di-vorce isn't pleasant." added

Games, but declined to confirm

whether Samaranch discussed

North Korea's demand to be a

demand is not met, it would lead

a Communist Bloc boycott of the

Seoul Games, South Korea has

and South Korea over sharing the

games have been stalled, despite

Samaranch's proposal that the

Samaranch told Korean repor-

ters upon arrival Monday that he

would not close the door to furth-

er negotiations between the two

Koreas over the co-host issue.

currently has a goal difference of

only three, would then need eight

goals to level and succeed by having the highest number of

Jenei has included 10 men from

Romanian champions Steaua

Bucharest, including playmaker

Rodion Camataru, in an 18-man

squad which has spent the last 10 days in a training camp.

He said he is well aware that

the Austrians will want revenge

for their 4-0 defeat in Bucharest

at the start of the qualifying

tournament and aware also that

they will be playing their final

match under the guidance of

Yugoslav coach Brank Elsner.

on a high note. "We want to

leave the European qualifiers

with dignity and we are going to

Elsner has recalled veteran

striker Walter Schachner after an

absence of almost two years.

Schachner will team up with Toni

Polster and Gerhard Rodax, who

will win his second cap, in a

But much may depend on how

effectively Robert Pecl shackles

Camataru as he attempts to set up the counter-attacks that could

play to win," he said."

powerful attack.

carry them through.

Elsner is determined to leave

North stages five events-

So far, talks between North

rejected the demand.

North Korea has said that if its

co-host for the 1988 Olympics.

on Nov. 5, causing a stampede in which 20 people were injured. IOC head content with preparations for Olympics

Hajduk Split appeals against **UEFA** two-year soccer ban

SPLIT, Yugoslavia (R) - Yugos- vent such incidents and lay First Division soccer club Haapprehend hooligans who can iduk Split on Monday appealed Police have arrested four s against a two-year ban imposed by the European Football Union

pects in connection with the band EXC gas incident. gas incident. Club secretary-general Dar Kosta told Reuters on Sature

the UEFA punishment was "catastrophe" for Hajduk. "International matches are main source of vital hard cum cy and now we cannot obtain

exploded a tear gas bomb at the European Cup Winners' Cup tie any more," he said. Club officials said Club officials said on Mone the UEFA ban could bring club to the verge of bankrup The officials said they sent the and that Hajduk would defe appeal to UEFA along with docu- itself before UEFA's discipling ments on measures taken to pre- committee in Zurich.

## SPORTS IN BRIEF

### U.S. basketballers to play in Saudi Arabis

Harlem Globe Trotters will play three games in Saudi Arabia for CON ST \$75,000, local newspapers said on Tuesday. The team has been invited by the Jeddah-based Al Ahli Club which is celebrating it. RIYADH (R) - The all-black American basketball troop 50th anniversary. Earlier this month it paid world soccer sta Diego Maradona a \$1/4 million for an appearance.

## Cash under fire for playing S. Africa

SYDNEY (R) — The Australian anti-apartheid movement of Tuesday attacked Wimbledon tennis champion Pat Cash fo. taking part in the South African Open tennis tournament. In: statement it accused the 22-year-old Australian star of placing hi own financial gain above "the struggle of the black majority is South Africa." It continued: "We will not hesitate to picket an effectively disrupt future tournaments in which he is allowed to participate." The newspaper, the Australian, quoted Cash a saying at Johannesburg as he arrived: "Don't ask me. I've go nothing to say about this thing. I'm just a tennis player."

#### Dutch appeal set for Friday

BERNE (R) — The Dutch appeal against the reversal of their 8win over Cyprus in a European Soccer Championship qualifie will be heard on Friday. The appeal is part of a heavy two-da agenda facing the European Football Union's (UEFA) appear board in Zurich beginning on Thursday.

#### 113 countries enter 1990 World Cup

ZURICH (R) — One hundred and thirteen countries have entered for the 1990 World Cup Soccer Tournament in Italy, on more than previously announced, the International Footba Federation (FIFA) said on Tuesday. A press spokeswoman tol Reuters that Portugal had been inadvertently left out of the fine-list of entries published earlier. The qualifying rounds will start o March 1 next year and be completed by the end of Novembe 1989. The draw will be held here on Dec. 12.

## Peru's Yzaga wins Sao Paulo Open

SAO PAULO, Brazil (R) — Peruvian teenager Jaime Yzaga bez Brazil's number one player Luiz Matter 6-2, 4-6, 6-2 on Monda the final of the \$104,900 Sao Paulo Open men's tenn tournament. Yzaga, ranked 94 in the world, overcame the fourty seeded Brazilian in less than two hours, mainly because of high efficient baseline tactic, which managed to control Mattar's mai target, his powerful first service.

## Wimbledon shows record profit

LONDON (R) — The 1987 Wimbledon tennis championship..., made a record profit of £7,154,990 (\$12.5 million), the al. ..., England club said on Tuesday. The figure was more than 15 pe England club said on Tuesday. The figure was most cent up on the 1986 profits of £6,200,848 (\$10.85 million).

## Football coach forced to leave

COLUMBUS, Ohio (AP) — Ohio State football coach Earl COLUMBUS, Ohio (AP) — Ohio State 10010201 CORCH East.

Bruce, dogged by fan criticism after three consecutive losses, was the bad as intention of the consecutive losses. fired Monday only a few hours after he said he had no intention c stepping down, athletic director Rick Bay said. Bay, Bruce staunchest defender in recent days, said he had resigned as result. Bay said Bruce's firing was effective after the end ( Saturday's regular-season final game at Michigan. "It's a shame It's a dark day for Ohio State," Bay said. Of Bruce, Bay said. "think he's done a whale of a job. His record is among the very very best in the country." Bay described Bruce as "ver disillusioned" by the turn of events. Bruce, in the second year of three-year contract, has coached Ohio State to a 5-4-1 record including three straight losses by a total of 10 points.

#### Daily Cross Lendl withdraws from match with Edbers

INGLEWOOD, California (AP) - Ivan Lendl, the world" in top-ranked tennis player, has withdrawn from a scheduled mate Thursday against No. 2 Stefan Edberg of Sweden because of onsurgery scheduled this Tuesday, a spokesman said. America Jimmy Connors, currently ranked fifth, will replace Lendl in the Michelin challenge series, John Black, publicist for the Forum i Inglewood, California, said Monday.

## Yugoslav player shows improvement

SARAJEVO, Yugoslavia (R) — Yugoslav soccer internation: Refik Sabanadzovic, who went into a coma after an accident othe pitch in a Yugoslav first division game, has shown slight sign of improvement, doctors said on Tuesday. Sonja Rustempasic, doctor in the Sarajevo hospital where Sabanadzovic was bein treated, said the player had opened his eyes occasionally and ha reacted to tests, raising hopes he might recover. "We are doin, everything we can at the moment, but it is still too early to mak; optimistic predictions." Rustempasic told reporters. The 22-year \* old Sabanadzovic, a midfielder with Red Star Belgrade, suffered serious head injury in last Sunday's league match as he collide: with Zeljeznicar's Zoran Sliskovic, one of his best friends.

## Denver escapes defeat

DENVER (AP) - Denver's quarterback. "He got out of the John Elway and Chicago's Jim McMahon counterpunched brilliantly for 60 minutes, each exceeding 300 yards passing in a dazzling duel that wound up being decided by a pair of missed

Thanks to those two failed conversions and a fumble by William "the refrigerator" Perry at the goal line. Denver escaped with a badly needed 31-29 NFL Monday night victory over the Bears. The triumph raised the Bron-

cos' record to 5-3-1 and kept them 2 1-2 games behind San Diego, 8-1, in the AFC West. Chicago fell to 7-2 but remained atop the NFC Central.

The two teams played to a virtual standoff: - Chicago had 446 total yards

and Denver 439. - The Boncos had 25 first downs to 24 by the Bears.

- Both teams averaged 6.5 yards per offensive play. - Chicago dominated the first

second and fourth. - Elway completed 21 of 40 passes for 341 yards and three touchdowns, while McMahon hit on 21 of 34 for 311 yards and three scores.

"We don't have much of a running game, and that makes it difficult, but John had a tremendous game." Denver coach Dan Reeves said of his



pocket, scrambled around and made the big plays that we

Perry was stacked up, however, and Mike Harden pried the ball loose. Cornerback Mark Haynes picked it up and returned it 24 yards, setting up Denver's

Elway capped the Broncos' second-period flurry with a per-fectly thrown 35-yard TD pass to

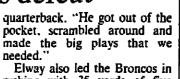
But McMahon, who had two TD passes in the first quarter,

Special from Bangkok

pionship with its defeat by India.

**NATURE FOOD CENTER** 

(Health & Natural Food)



Elway also led the Broncos in rushing with 35 yards of five

If there was one turning point in the evenly played contest, it probably came midway through the second quarter. The Bears, leading 14-7, were threatening to score again. Facing a third-andgoal from the Broncos' 1-yard line, McMahon handed off to the 315-pound Perry, a defensive lineman who was making his first appearance in the offensive backfield this season.

tying touchdown drive. Elway, who earlier in the quar-

ter-tossed a 22-yard touchdown pass to Vance Johnson, made it 14-14 with a 22-yarder to mark

rookie Ricky Nattiel.

brought Chicago back.

## India deteats Jordan in Asian basketball

INDIA defeated Jordan 89-72

Tuesday in a basketball match played within the Asian Basketbail Championship being held at Bangkok. Jordan, which has already lost to the Philippines was eliminated from the cham-

hopes of ousting Romania and qualifying for the finals of the European Championship when they meet Albania on Wednesday. Romania, which visits Austria, share the leadership of Group I with Spain on eight points, but have a superior goal difference and the Spaniards would need at least eight goals to go through if Romania win. Both games kick-

off at the same time. Spanish coach Miguel Munoz, who celebrates his 50th match in charge of the national team against Albania, has been forced to make several changes because of injuries to three key players.

SEVILLE, Spain (R) — Injury-plagued Spain will seek a high-

scoring victory to keep alive their

Midfielder Rafael Gordillo will be missing with a strained ankle. Jenaro Andrinua and Francisco Carrasco have thigh injuries. Munoz has called up Real Madrid winger Paco Llorente,

whose second-half performance swept his club into the quarterfinals of the European Cup when they beat Porto two weeks ago.
Albania, bottom of the group with no points and nothing to lose, are expected to field the

team which was beaten 1-0 by Romania last month.

ARNOUX ON EDGE ... Frenchman pirouetting on two

wheels, just avoids hitting Andrea de Cesaris at Brabham Corner.

Austrian Gerhard Berger won the Nov. 15 Australian Grand Prix

Group 1 standings: Won Drawn Lost Goals Points played against Romania Spain Austria 12

march into next year's finals of

the European Championship with

a victory when they meet Austria

nia in Seville on Wednesday,

level on points at the top of the

group. Romania needs a clear

victory to ensure their superior

goal difference gives them the

best possible chance of going to

As part of his plan -- and to

ensure his players are not temp-

ted — Jenei has ordered all the

well-stocked mini-bars in the play-

ers' hotel rooms to be removed.

"We have only one plan in mind — victory," he said. "We

must do everything to win the

A single goal win by Romania

would leave them with a goal difference of 11. Spain, which

West Germany next June.

With Spain, which meets Alba-

on Wednesday.

Spain in for a soccer showdown against

Albania to qualify for European Cup

Spain is unbeaten in Seville and Jenei is determined his team will may have the added advantage of playing under floodlights. They are familiar with playing at night. but the Albanians are not.

Munoz will be hoping striker Emilio Butragueno is able to find his best from alongside Julio Salinas as they hunt the goal rush they need to qualify.

Four years ago, when Spain needed an 11-goal winning mar-gin against Malta to qualify for the 1984 finals in France, they did it by winning 12-1... and they are confident they can perform a similar feat again.

"It will be easier for us to get eight goals against the Albasaid Martin Vazquez, than to rely on Austria beating Romania.

Romania sets temptation aside

Romania manager Emeric

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## REQUIRED FOR EMPLOYMENT

in Adelaide to sustain the Ferrari team's winning momentum.

goals.

Berger had won the Grand Prix two weeks earlier.

For details, please call tel. 681744; or write: P.O. Box 2602, Jabai Amman, Amman.

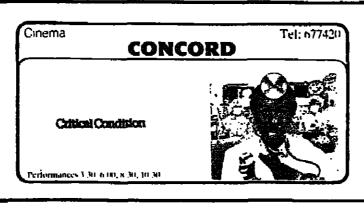
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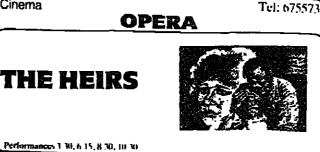
# SEMI VILLA FOR RENT

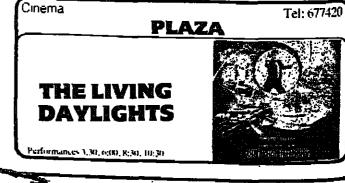
A first floor semi-villa consisting of 4 bedrooms (1 master bedroom), 2 bathrooms, big salon, 2 sitting rooms with a fireplace, dining room, modern kitchen, maid's room, separate heating system, telephone line, independent entrance, garden, garage, and reservoir.

Location: Shmeisani, near Tyche Hotel. Area: 350 square metres.

Please call Miss Rene'e, Tei: 665003.







# peals and Reagan's remarks on taxes depress dollar The U.S. currency's weakness of 87" four weeks ago. President Reagan's weekend with the All Share index of \$80 billion in budget of \$80 billion in budget due to what dealers call footons.

budget deficit, which is viewed as

## **LONDON EXCHANGE RATES**

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

1.3170/80 1.6965/75 1.9105/15 1.3920/30 35.47/50 5.7375/7400 1244/1246 136.00/10 6.1000/50 6.4175/4225 6.5350/5400 U.S. dollars Canadian dollar Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese ven Swedish crowns

One ounce of gold 464.00/464.50

playing  $\chi_3$ 

West German marks

Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

## LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Share prices showed an easier tendency in late trading, reflecting persistent concern on Wall Street over budget deficit-cutting negotiations.

Dealers said a prediction by chief congressional negotiator Thomas Foley of an agreement in principle on cutting the deficit, avoiding the automatic \$23 billion reduction under the Gramm-Rudman Act, was viewed favourably. But sentiment is still clouded by Monday's statement by President Reagan that higher taxes would be "the wrong step."

At 1615 GMT the FTSE 100 share index was 13.7 points down

at 1,671.0, having touched a low during the day of 1,668.4. There is widespread market scepticism over Washington's ability to agree on a meaningful budget deficit reduction. This was expressed in market rumours that a cut could amount to a minimum of \$23 billion and contain a high element of asset sales. representing a "one-off" paring rather than an attack on the root problem of consistently high administration spending.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1987

## YOUR HOROSCOPE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You may have some delays today, but persevere and you'il muddle through. Be sure that any new arrangements have some concrete, long-term benefits which cannot be destroyed by change.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)

Achieving your personal goals should be uppermost in your mind, so decide how best to pursue them. Contact enjoyable friends and have a line time tonight.

you inform superiors of your ambi-tions, they can help you attain them. Handle civic or credit affairs wisely. The future can be very

bright if you apply yourself.
GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)
You're in a mood for making changes, and this is a good day to do this at home or work. Any new contacts you make today can be of

great help to you later.
MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) If you display your talents to those in power, you'll get the recognition you deserve. Approach

difficulties from a new angle and LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Get in touch with successful persons, and follow the advice they give you. Plan a short trip which can quickly bring you many benefits. Be sure

your car is running well. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Study up on new business methods which can yield better profits. Try

15 Recket

to prayer 20 Vulnerable

to find a way to help your mate out of the doldrums and into the swing of things. Be kind. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Try

to be around prominent people you know. They can be of great help now and in the future. Be more will ing to make revisions in contracts. Focus on the future.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) If you assume an enthusiastic approach to your work, you'll get the approval you need. This can also come to a better agreement with a fellow worker tonight. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec.

21) Go out for some amusements with your mate this evening, but handle a new project which seems quite promising early today. Be en-thusiastic all day. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)

It's a good day to make those im-provements at home which will, bring more harmony there. The evening is good for inviting a new friend to dinner.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Study your daily responsibilities and see how they can become more

productive and profitable to you. Finish up the errands and visits you've been avoiding.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)
Don't be so conventional in handling practical affairs that you'll lose out monetarily. Confer with a person who is successful in business and get good advice.

boosted markets, but values sagged late on Monday after news of his remarks on taxes to a conference on life insurance in Washington.

Dealers said confusion over President Reagan's remarks had unsettled already nervous mar-

"Until something concrete happens, people will be wary of pushing the dollar too far either one said.

The dollar breached the 1.70 West German mark support level during the Tokyo trading day which ends before Europe opens and dealers here said the way had been opened for further losses.

The dollar opened in London at 1.6985 marks after finishing at 1.7070 on Monday. It had closed at 1 7145 in New York and 1.7020 in Tokyo.

Gold edged higher on the dollar's weakness and was fixed higher in London on Tuesday at \$463.55 an ounce, \$1.45 higher than the previous fix.

At midday, London's 100-share Financial Times Stock Exchange index was 1,681.4 points, down 3.3 points on Monday's

In other foreign exchange business, the dollar opened in London at 136.05 Japanese yen from 136.55 at the previous close. It had finished at 137.15 in New York and 136.05 in Tokyo.

The markets are focusing sharply on the depth of the budget deficit cuts.

Some London dealers feared a sell-off on Friday, when a \$23 billion cut required by the revised Gramm-Rudman act is due to come into effect if no pact has been concluded by then between the Republican Reagan administration and the Democrat-controlled Congress Analysts said \$60 billion off the

budget over two years was the minimum that would satisfy world foreign exchange, bond, commodity and equity markets. But some dealers said the dollar was looking vulnerable. "The problem is, a \$30 billion

cut in the budget deficit is already partly discounted. That does not leave the dollar with much up-ward potential," one said. West German Finance Minister Gerhard Stoltenberg said on

Monday the markets would be impressed by a \$30 billion cut this year and a further \$45 billion cut next year. Mr. Stoltenberg has said a suc-

cessful conclusion of U.S. budget. deficit negotiations is a prerequisite for any meeting of the Group of Seven (G-7) leading industrial nations to discuss further policy coordination.

He repeated to reporters in Bonn that no date had yet been agreed for a G-7 meeting.

The Frankfurt Bourse, which will be closed on Wednesday for a national holiday, opened easier. on Tuesday with the Boersen-Zeitung index 3.5 per cent down on Monday's close.

#### with the All Share index dipping 2.7 per cent below Monday's close. In Milan shares were higher due to what dealers called technical accounting factors while in Zurich shares followed the trend

and the All Share Swiss index lost 26.7 points. Tokyo's stock market, the world's largest, closed down with the 225-share Nikkei average off

271.15 points at 22,344.28. Brok-

ers blamed President Reagan's remarks on tax policy for the fall. "The market is worried about what appears to be real indecision in the United States about the budget deficit," said Mr. Paul Migliorato of Jardine Fleming

(Securities) in Tokyo. Wall Street on Monday also suffered from President Reagan's remarks. The Dow Jones industrial average ended up 14.09 points at 1,949.10 after being up 35 points earlier in the day.

#### Finance officials see slower world growth after share crash

Meanwhile, financial officials from industrial countries, meeting in Paris, revised down world economic growth estimates for 1988 to around two per cent after the stock market collapse, but said nations were not headed into recession.

Diplomatic sources said an economic policy committee meeting of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) broadly agreed that a quarter point cut in growth would be needed in predictions made as recently as June.

Studies prepared in advance of the two-day meeting of finance ministry officials and central bankers, ending Tuesday, had provided forecasts for growth as low as 1.75 per cent.

But one source close to the meeting said economists "had picked out the lowest number they could find." and added that officials generally expected 1988 growth of "plus or minus two per cent," down from 2.25 per cent in the current year.

"Estimates (for growth) have been revised down, but not so far as to put down recessions for everybody," he said.

The officials also stressed at the session, headed by President Reagan's Council of Economic Advisers' Chairman Beryl Sprinkel, that the United States must help lead the way out of the market crisis threatening world growth though pressure re-mained on Japan and West Germany to play a greater role.

"The centrepiece will be what happens in the U.S. budget deficit. It's very clear those are the dues that the U.S. has to pay to continue to lead the club," one

"There was no sense that the United States would take a back "We don't expect the next conference to be easy," the Nigerian oil minister told a news conferseat. The U.S. is still critical to ence later in the day. "There are the process but it is recognised very difficult questions to deliberthat other countries have to conate. It could take a long time." tribute as well," he added.

# Rabat plans tax cuts, wage increases

RABAT (R) — Moroccan Finance Minister Mohammed Berrada told parliament the government planned to reduce taxes, cut interest rates and raise minimum wages next year.

In a speech outlining changes planned in the 1988 budget and reported by the official MAP news agency on Tuesday, Mr. Berrada said company profits tax would be cut from 45 to 40 per cent and personal income tax would not be levied on the first 8,400 dirhams (\$1,050) instead of 6,000 dirhams at present.

He said minimum legal wages in agriculture and industry would be raised by 10 per cent with effect from Jan. 1.

As an investment incentive he announced that interest rates on medium and long term loans, which were cut by two points last April, would be reduced further.

The present rate averages 12 per cent.

The cut in personal income tax will cost the government 350 million dirhams (\$43 million) and benefit about 250,000 wage-earners, Mr. Berrada said.

He said Moroccan company tax was "at a very high level compared to other countries, which discourages any incentive to produce more, while encouraging tax evasion.

To compensate for possible loss in revenue, Mr. Berrada said government rules which allowed financial institutions not to be

taxed would be abolished. He also announced that tax waivers offered to investors terms and inflation four per cent would be reduced from 10 to 5 years and instead of not paying tax at all they would be levied 50 per cent of the normal rate.

Under the present industrial investment code new companies qualify for complete tax holidays of up to 10 years.

Mr. Berrada said the new system would apply once enterpises had covered their costs including amortisation and as soon as they made a profit.

He said the old system was a, form of charity producing "passive and ultimately weak entrepreneurs.

Mr. Berrada predicted gross domestic product (GDP) growth in 1988 of between four and five per cent and an inflation rate of six per cent. He said growth this year was one per cent in real

He also forecast a balance of payments deficit equal to two per cent of DGP or the same as this year. He said imports would rise by about seven per cent and exports by 10 per cent, while remittances from emigrant workers and tourism would grow by seven per cent,

He said that in 1988 the state would give "absolute priority to the royal armed forces whose material and human potential will be increased to reinforce their ability to defend the country and its territorial integrity."

This was a reference to the Western Sahara, where Algerianbacked Polisario guerrillas have been fighting Morocco for inde-

# Gulf Air expects to break even this year

BAHRAIN (R) — Gulf Air said on Tuesday it would probably break even this year after making a 1986 loss of 1.3 million Bahraini

dinars (\$3.5 million). "We will do a little bit better than last year and maybe break even. (Last year's) one or two million dinar (\$2.7-\$5.4 million) deficit is not a big loss," airline president, Mr. Ali Ibrahim Al

Malki, told a news conference. Gulf Air — jointly owned by Bahrain, Oman, Qatar and Abu Dhabi — made a net profit of 13.7 million dinars (36.4 million)

OPEC chief

Mr. Rilwanu Lukman, said on

"We have a lot of problems

that we have to consider in De-

survival of OPEC members," Mr.

Lukman said after meeting In-

political implications of some of

these problems, we find it neces-

sary to go around to all of the

OPEC countries and ask for sup-

Mr. Lukman is leading a com-

mittee trying to promote disci-

pline in the restive ranks of the

Organisation of Petroleum Ex-

porting Countries (OPEC). The

group is plagued by overproduc-

tion of two million to three mil-

lion barrels above the group's

port," he said.

barrels a day.

donesian President Suharto.

sees long,

hard talks

Tuesday.

Mr. Malki blamed the 1986 loss on lower oil prices. Falling revenue in the region caused expatriate workers — the airline's main customers — to be laid off

He said that with their earnings down, those who remained travelled less and took fewer, shorter holidays.

in large numbers.

But Mr. Malki said Gulf Air had agreed with Boeing to lease two new B-767 aircraft for four years, starting in 1988, to meet an expected rise in demand.

Company officials said the terms of the agreement and the U.S. leasing company involved were confidential.

The cost of a B-767 is around

\$65-\$70 million and Mr. Malki

said it was "more practical and flexible" to lease. The agreement included an op-

tion to buy the U.S.-made aircraft, he said. Company officials said Gulf

Air's needs into the 1990s were under study and it would have been unwise to buy new aircraft before a plan had been formu-

Gulf Air, founded in 1950, has 11 Tristars and eight Boeing 737's which fly to around 35 West European and Far Eastern destinations from the Middle East.

Mr. Malki said several countries had refused to grant Gulf Air landing rights, although their national carriers landed in Gulf states owning the airline.

Landing rights "must be re-ciprocated and this situation corrected," Mr. Malki said, "It will open new markets for us and we

The Zambian leader defended

his country's go-it-alone stance, saying it had undertaken IMF

programmes for more than a de-

#### Zambia accuses IMF of 'blackmail' LUSAKA (R) - Zambian Prime A World Bank team is visiting Musokotwane said.

Minister Kebby Musokotwane has accused the International Monetary Fund (IMF) of blackmailing African states by demanding tough economic reforms as a JAKARTA (R) - OPEC, beset by political differences, faces a condition to lend them funds. long, hard meeting next month in Mr. Musokotwane, in an inter-Vienna, the group's president,

view with foreign reporters in Lusaka on Monday night, also called on the World Bank to review its lending clauses and to continue funding projects in ambia.

cember which are crucial for the The World Bank has susended funding for development in Zambia because it owes the bank more than \$40 million in debt repayments. "And because of the heavy

introduced by the government in August following its decision on .May 1 to abandon an IMF reform Mr. Musokotwane said African countries had become "helplessly tied" to the IMF and its tough

Zambia to discuss the arrears and

study the economic recovery plan

reform programmes. In addition, Western donor nations used the success or failure of the IMF reforms as a yardstick

for deciding whether to continue to give aid to countries, he said. The African countries are left in a corner ... of if you like, allow deval me the word, blackmail," Mr. year.

cade before deciding to adopt its own independent reform policies. "It is impossible for the IMF or the World Bank to see us, to know us as well as we know

ourselves," he said. Mr. Musokotwane said he hoped the World Bank officials visiting the country would see Zambia's point of view.

Mr. Musokotwane ruled out a devaluation of the kwacha this

## Sri Lanka to sell off state companies

will help rebuild its war-shattered announced a "budget for peace" and returning the people's assets economy by boosting the private sector and selling off some stateowned industries, Finance Minister Ronnie De Mel said on

Tuesday. Presenting his budget for 1988, the minister said he wanted to emulate British Prime Minister. Margaret Thatcher by creating a

self-imposed limit of 16.5 million share-owning democracy.

Mr. De Mel said he would strengthen Colombo's stock market, now one of the smallest in

the world. "I contemplate a sweeping reform of our public enterprises,"

to rebuild the country after four years of ethnic bloodshed which he said had destroyed infrastructure valued at \$2 billion.

He did not say which com-

panies would be sold, but said he expected hundreds of thousands of Sri Lankans to buy shares. He said steps would be taken to

ensure large blocks of shares would not be bought up by companies or well-connected individuals, saying he wanted to avoid "crony capitalism."

the public enterprises from the

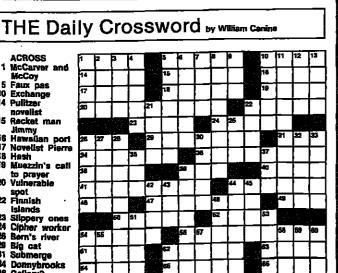
Unscramble these four Jumbles

COLOMBO (R) - Sri Lanka Mr. De Mel told parliament as he clutches of inefficient bureaucrats to their rightful owners people themselves," he said.

> The Colombo Securities Exchange, set up at the end of 1985, has increased the number of listings to 173 from an initial level of 80. But its turnover is one of the lowest in the world at about 10 million rupees (\$330,000) a

Steel, textiles, oil refining and distribution, telecommunications, railways, bus transport and "We will thus be emancipating some local liquor industries are controlled by the government.

## **Peanuts**



spot
22 Finnish
islands
23 Silppery ones
24 Cipher worker
25 Bern's river
28 Big cat
31 Submerge 34 Domybrooks
34 Domybrooks
36 Gallery?
38 Timber tool
38 Spool
40 Remote
41 Hat pelt
44 Architectural
edges
46 Timetable Risks Melodious Citizen of Turku head
J Cutting device
A Convey
Se Fastener
Fight of step
Server
Rainbows
Stronghold
A kind
Region
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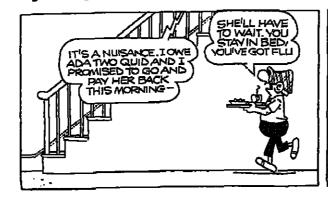




## Mutt'n' Jeff



## **Andy Capp**

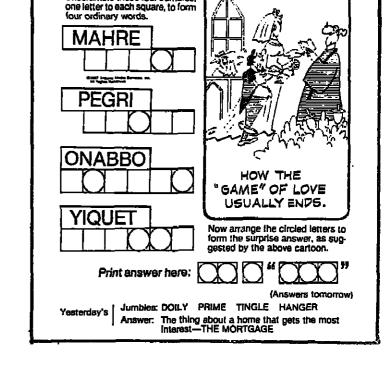








JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob



# Group fears scientific 'brain drain' from SDI programme

WASHINGTON (AP) — The "Star Wars" research programme if pursued as vigorously as President Ronald Reagan desires, could drain away scientific talent from the civilian sector and jeopardise the nation's overall economic health, according to a private study released Tuesday.

"The Strategic Defence Initia- hard-cover book, "Star Wars: industries to pay higher salaries for scientists and engineers, raising prices of manufactured goods and further eroding our exports." Alice Tepper Marlin, the executive director of the Council on Economic Priorities, said in releasing the study.

"In addition, much of the work being funded is classified secret, which means it would take years before the technology could be transferred to the civilian domain," she added.

The new study was published Tuesday in the form of 234-page

tive (SDI) could force American The Economic Fallout." It is the product of almost four years of work by the council, a non-profit research organisation based in New York that specialises in studies of national security issues, the environment and corporate social responsibility. The council bills itself as a

"non-aligned, independent" public service organisation, but one that is willing "to adopt a point of view" once a study is completed.

When it comes to Star Wars, known formally as the Strategic Defence Initiative, the council makes clear it has joined the list

"The diversion to SDI of government resources on the scale planned by the Reagan administrtion will seriously weaken the nation's ability to meet the challenges of unemployment, export market loss, dwindling technological leadership and antiquated industrial plants," the study says.

"If we fail to arrest the economic momentum of the SDI jaggernaut, we will find ourselves paying for Star Wars well into the next century." it says.

The Star Wars programme is a research effort aimed at developing lasers and other weapons that could be deployed in space and on the ground to automatically shoot down nuclear missiles fired

mated 9,000 engineers, scientists and technicians," the study at the United States or its allies. states, "By 1991, that figure will According to the council's retriple to roughly 28,500 if current budget projections hold true." search, the Pentagon has spent \$9.4 billion on Star Wars research

## NASA

## confident of June shuttle launch date

since fiscal 1984 and hopes to spend an additional \$39.2 billion

While precise estimates are im-

possible at this point, the council

asserted it would cost at least

\$500 billion and possibly as much

as \$1 trillion to actually deploy

allocated such large sums to any

single programme, military or

Beyond the cost to taxpayers,

however, the council focuses on

what it predicts will be a massive

"brain drain" that it claims the

American economy cannot

"In 1986, SDI used an esti-

civilian," the study concludes.

Never before has the nation

such a defensive shield.

through fiscal 1992.

HOUSTON (R) — Changes in design and testing of U.S. space shuttle components are on sche-dule and will allow the discovery craft to be launched as planned on June 2, the Programme's director said on Monday.

The planned launch will be the first shuttle mission since the United States' worst space accident when the Challenger shuttle exploded 73 seconds after launch on Jan. 28, 1986, killing all seven

Arnold Aldrich, chief of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) shuttle programme, said the June 2 launch date of Discovery and five crewmen is "very. very tight" with only five days' leeway for unexpected delays.

He said more than 40 changes have been made in the design of the space orbiter's main engines since the Challenger exploded. Dangerous cracks in high

about the changes we've made,"

Mr. Aldrich told reporters while

business group.

pressure turbine blades have against retaliation by the NPA for been cured, he said, and a the capture on Sunday of Rivera. troublesome fuel valve is being The ailing Rivera was preťΩ "Each one is a concern that Tuesday as the military's major might trip us up but I feel good prize in the Philippine in-

The 54-year-old second highest official in the underground Philippine Communist Party. sat the party's Central Committee and Military Commission.

Africa needs 2.7m tonnes of food — WFP In a separate statement, WFP said Ethiopia's problem was cri-

tical and relief agencies feared deteriorated so rapidly and unexthat unless food reached parts of Tigray province within days, large groups of people could start migrating in search of food. Mozambique needed 750,000

Ortega: Contras at odds

MANAGUA, Nicaragua (AP) — ty to political prisoners. The deci-President Daniel Ortega and a sion drew sharp criticism from the

The rebel leader, Arturo by the presidents of those two

El Salvador's amnesty prog-

ramme and the ceasefire efforts

in Nicaragua are aimed at fulfill-

ing a peace plan signed on Aug. 7

nations plus Costa Rica. Guate-

Meanwhile a meeting between

President Ronald Reagan and

House Speaker Jim Wright has

failed to soften bitterness over

Mr. Wright's high-profile role in

Central America's regional peace

Mr. Wright, an opposition

Democrat, sought the meeting

Monday to explain his actions in

meeting with President Ortega.

leaders of the opposition contras and Nicaraguan Cardinal Miguel

Obando Y. Bravo, who has been

asked to mediate ceasefire nego-

But after spending nearly an

hour with Mr. Reagan and his top

advisers, Mr. Wright described

the president as unyielding. Mr.

Wright suggested he was stepping

in to fill a U.S. foreign-policy void created by the government's

refusing to accept diplomatic

overtures by the Sandinista gov-

door policy to people in Central

America, those people would go

to see them instead of coming to

see me," Mr. Wright said at a

face from the photographers who

crowded around for a promised

Dressed in a beige tee shirt and

jeans, Rivera buried his head in

his arms and showed only work-

worn hands with dirty fingernails

during a 30 minute audience with

journalists in the office of Milit-

ary Intelligence Chief General

Later, Rivera was led back to

the hospital in Camp Crame, one

of Manila's major military camps,

where he is being treated for

The drip in his arm was label-

led simply "Juan de La Cruz,"

the Filipino equivalent of John

Doe, but Rivera's capture has

through in the war against the

the key posts of vice-chairman of

The army alleges he occupied

"prolonged pneumonia."

Communist guerrillas.

'photo-opporturity.'

Pedro Sistoza.

"Perhaps if they had an open

tiations.

ernment.

three qualified for El Salvador's luncheon with reporters after the new programme granting amnes- White House meeting.

Manila uncovers major

attack after Rivera arrest

MANILA (R) — The Philippine slumped over a table, a dextrose drip inserted in an arm, hiding his

over site of peace talks

contra rebel leader, trying to U.S. State Department.

were prepared to meet with the mala and Honduras.

launch mediated talks toward a

ceasefire, sharply differ over

where the negotiations should

Robelo, said Monday the contras

designated mediator "in Man-

agua or any other capital in Cen-tral America" to present a "se-

rious counterproposal" to Mr.

Ortega's ceasefire plan. Mr. Ortega, on his way home

from Washington where he un-

veiled his government's ceasefire

proposal, said in Mexico that the

talks should take place in the

United States. He said involving

another Central American nation

in the talks would violate the very

pact the truce would help fulfill.

the Sandinista government and

the U.S.-backed rebels continued

in north eastern Nicaragua,

where military sources said a re-

bel attack Monday extensively

damaged a rice mill and wounded

three civilians and nine soldiers.

In El Salvador, another Cen-

tral American nation suffering a lengthy civil war, the government

appealed a military judge's deci-

sion to free three leftist guerrillas

held in a 1985 attack that killed

six Americans, including four

The judge last week ruled the

capture of high Communist Party

official Juanito Rivera had

already yielded results, rebel

plans for large-scale attacks on

Manila and other Luzon areas.

der Brigadier-General Bayani

Fabic told the state-owned Philip-

pine News Agency that Rivera

had given to the military details

of planned attacks and other tac-

tical operations by the rebel New

Brig. Fabic, the head of Uni-

fied Regional Command Three in

Central Luzon, said troops in the

area were on double red alert

People's Army (NPA).

Provincial military comman-

U.S. Marines.

Meanwhile, fighting between

take place.

tonnes of food to feed 3.2 million people in rural areas and 3.3 million people in cities and had so far received piedges of 480,000

Merkle, addressing jurors in a

heavily guarded courtroom, said

Lehder was so deeply involved in

the drug trade that he once had

his own mother carry a cocaine-

laden suitcase to Los Angeles.

Federal agents have described

#### JACKSONVILLE, Florida (R) other Caribbean officials in an 1980. If convicted, he faces up to life in prison plus 165 years.

- A U.S. prosecutor opening the effort to protect his operation. "Mr. Lehder... was to cocaine transportation what Henry Ford was to cars," Mr. Merkle told a federal judge after delivering the government's opening statement.

Lehder, who has pleaded not guilty, is being tried on an 11-

count 1981 indictment charging the trial as the most important that he masterminded shipment drug case in U.S. history. It is ring, made payoffs to the prime of 3.3 tonnes of cocaine into expected to last up to three minister of the Bahamas and Florida and Georgia in 1979 and months.

Americans send house keys to Gorbachevs

#### they won't be able to leave Washington — at least not on this

Asked if other cities would be added to the itinerary, the wife of the Communist Party chief rebecause the schedule is being

"Of course, I would like to," she added. "Let's hope there will

programme Vremya (time) showed brief footage of Mrs. Gorbachev cutting a ribbon to open the exhibit. It did not include her remarks about the U.S.

gratitude and thanks to all those people for their friendliness, for the spirit of goodwill." Mrs. Gorfamily has received from the United States. "We, of course, are very interested in meeting Amer-

result of this summit meeting our world will become a safer place to

"Only yesterday we got a letter from Boston, from a teacher," she said. "He expresses in that letter his profound satisfaction that at last we have started together to take out the bricks from the wall of terror. And he hopes that we would be able to construct out of those bricks a

Mr. Reagan and Mr. Gorbachev are expected to sign a treaty at the summit to ban intermediate-range nuclear mis-

Mrs. Gorbachev's remarks came after her unannounced appearance at the exhibition

1910" and featuring 65 paintings, is an exchange for "Russia, the Land, the People," which opened

## COLUMNS 768

### Nureyev ends Soviet visit

PARIS (AP) - Rudolf Nureyev, dance legend and director of the Paris Opera Ballet, returned Monday from a weekend visit with his ailing mother, his first trip to the Soviet Union since defecting 26 years ago. Nureyev, 49, arrived aboard an Air France flight and was escorted out a side door by police, avoiding reporters who came to meet him. The Soviet media did not mention Nureyev's two-day visit. The Soviet News Agency (TASS) provided pictures Monday of Nureyev's visit to Ufa, a city in the closed industrial zone in the Ural Mountains, showing him walking in the streets and visiting the Bashkir Republic Ballet. No details were provided about his visit with his sick mother, Farida Nureyeva, 84, or with his sister, Rosa Ferdman, 57. Both women had applied for permission to visit in the West but were turned down. In 1961, Nureyev defected while in Paris on tour with Leningrad's Kirov Ballet. The same ballet company is to begin performing in Paris on Tuesday. The company is to perform through Jan. 10.

#### Singer undergoes cancer treatment

SEATTLE (R) - Spanish operatic tenor Jose Carreras underwent a bone marrow transplant at a Seattle hospital that doctors said they hoped would help him win a battle against leukemia. Carreras, 42, was admitted to the Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Centre last week. A small amount of his own marrow was removed from a hip, treated and replaced, and he also underwent extensive radiation and chemotherapy treatment. hospital spokeswoman Susan Edmonds said. About 400 such procedures are performed a year at Fred Hutchinson, more than at any other cancer centre in the world. Carreras recently sang the role of Tony for a new recording of West Side Story and this summer filmed the classical opera La Boheme in Paris. His illness forced him to postpone a September 19 world premiere of Cristobal Colon, an opera about Columbus, in Barcelona, where Carreras was born.

## Kidnappers threaten to starve child

MALAGA, Spain (R) — The kidnappers of a five-year-old girl will start starving her on Tuesday unless they get a \$13 million ransom, her father said. Raymond Nakachian, a Lebanese magnate, told reporters he hid not have the money. He said he could commit suicide in front of journalists if it could save his daughter's life. His daughter Melodie was kidnapped eight days ago as she was being driven to school in Spain's Costa Del Sol resort of Estepona. Nakachian said he received a recorded message from the kidnappers early on Tuesday together with a picture and a lock of Melodie's hair.

### Standards slipping at Bolshoi Ballet

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet Union's Bolshoi Ballet company has rested on its laurels for too long and allowed its standards to drop, according to a Soviet weekly magazine. The latest edition of Ogonyok blamed chief ballet master Yury Grigorovich for what it called the company's dull and unimaginative repertoire. It said Grigorovich's insistence that the company perform only his own productions has limited its scope and resulted in a virtual absence of new ideas in choreography. "The Bolshoi Theatre has never been and can never be the theatre of one person, for it is the Bolshoi Theatre," the article said, adding that it always used to bring together the best in Soviet choreography. Ogonyok said the ballet company's decline since the 1970s was also the result of a blindness to criticism. Negative write-ups were dismissed and only favourable critics taken on foreign tours with the theatre. "Unfortunately we cannot get rid of the idea that any word of criticism about our art in the West carries with it evil referring to unenthusiastic reviews during recent tours. Another problem was the fact that many young dancers were motivated more by a thirst for foreign tours than by dedication to their profession, the magazine said. Ogonyok said it hoped it would be able to publish a reply from Grigorovich to the charges listed in the article, but said previous invitations to him to discuss the issue had been turned down.

## Former U.S. speaker suffers from cancer

BOSTON (AP) - Former House Speaker Thomas P. "Tip" O'Neill Jr. is suffering from rectal cancer and will undergo surgery this week, a hospital official has said. The cancer was located about five inches (13cm) below the surface of the skin and would necessitate removal of the lower six inches (15 cm) of Mr. O'Neill's bowel, said Dr. Richard E. Wilson, chief of oncology at Brigham and Women's Hospital. Dr. Wilson said surgery would be performed Wednesday and he is "very optimistic" all the cancer can be removed. He said it was possible Mr. O'Neill would the have to undergo chemotherapy after the operation, but that was not certain. When rectal cancer is detected early, 77 per cent of all in 1) patients survive at least five years, according to the American Cancer Society. O'Neill, who retired in January after 10 years as speaker of the House of Representatives, was being treated at Sibley Memorial for a "long-standing prostate problem," said Fern Stone, a hospital spokeswoman.

## Prince Edward launches boardgame

LONDON (R) — Queen Elizabeth's youngest son, Prince Edward, has launched a new book and boardgame to raise money for charity. Both are based on a television game show which the prince, his sister Princess Anne, and his brother and sister-in-law, the Duke and Duchess of York, hosted last June. Proceeds from the book and game will go to four charities which have already received about £1 million (\$1.75 million) from the show.

## Harrison: Work with singer was nightmare

LONDON (R) - Former Beatle George Harrison, now a successful film producer, says working with singing star Madonna and her actor husband Sean Penn on his ill-fated film Shanghai surprise was a nightmare. Interviewed in Monday's edition of the weekly magazine Woman, Harrison said: "We got the wrong script, the wrong director and the wrong stars." The film was script, the wrong director and the wrong stars. The man panned by the critics and did not do well at the box office. Falling a little panned by the critics and did not do well at the box office. Harrison, who heads the successful independent film company. nightmare. We were lucky to get our money back. The stars behaviour was pretty bad. "They were just very unhappy with each other. They weren't happy working. I haven't seen them from that day to this," he added.

## Subway service slowed by graffiti

STOCKHOLM, Sweden (AP) - Subway service ran at about half-speed Sunday after public transport authorities sidelined 246 cars that had fallen victim to graffiti, Swedish television reported The report quoted officials as saying the graffiti was the result of organised activity by youth gangs. Authorities this year decided to take graffiti-infested cars out of service in an effort to induce passengers to react if they saw vandalism in progress. But a ticket-collector told the television on Sunday that he hadn't stopped the gangs he saw spraying graffiti because "they may follow me when I go home and beat me up."

## Goria gets new government mandate

ROME (Agencies) — Italian President Francesco Cossiga asked outgoing Prime Minister Giovanni Goria on Tuesday to try to form a new government after the collapse of his first administration last week, a presidential spokesman said.

He told reporters that Mr. Goria had accepted with reserve, a normal formula. The outgoing prime minister will announce full acceptance only if he is successful in forming a government.

Mr. Goria's first administration, a coalition of his Christian Democrats, Socialists, Republicans. Social Democrats and that the proposed 1988 national

Liberals, resigned on Saturday because of an internal dispute over economic policy.

It was Italy's 47th government since World War II.

On July 28, at age 44, Mr. Goria became Italy's youngest-ever premier. But his government, plagued by acrimony on issues ranging from finances to religion in the schools, lasted 109

The Liberal Party, which received 2.2 per cent of the vote in last June's elections, withdrew from the coalition, complaining

budget wrongly emphasised high-er taxes rather than spending

Mr. Goria, in a statement to reporters after accepting the mandate, said he would try to rebuild the same coalition.

He said the parties in his outgoing government had declared themselves willing to take part in a new coalition, and that he would work on that basis. He said he intended to immediately begin political consultations because of the pressing economic and institutional needs of the country.

## China plans space shuttle programme

PEKING (R) — China, a new force in space exploration, plans to build a shuttle and orbiting station, scientists were quoted as saying on Tuesday.

A shuttle programme complete with space station and a launchrecovery system "has been put on the order of the day," rocket experts at the Astronautics Industry Ministry said.

'China can accomplish the task with its present technology, facili- People's Daily.

JOHANNESBURG (Agencies)

- A South African airman is

missing after his plane crashed on

a night mission against Namibian

freedom fighters in Angola, the

The army said it was still sear-

ching for Captain Andre Stapa,

30, whose plane crashed on Sun-

day during an attack on South

West Africa People's Organisa-

tion (SWAPO) guerrillas, who

are fighting for the independence

of South African-ruled Namibia.

men in southern Angola in the

past three weeks. It is fighting

both SWAPO and the Angolan

government, which is backed by

The army gave no further de-tails about the previously-unre-

ported strike against SWAPO.

South Africa reported last

week that it was fighting a Soviet-

led Angolan offensive against re-

bels of the pro-Western National

Union for the Total Independ-

ence of Angola (UNITA), en-

the Soviet Union and Cuba.

South Africa says it has lost 23

army said on Tuesday.

S. Africa reports loss of

ties and design capabilities," the official New China News Agency said. No timetable was given.

The experts said they believed that despite international competition China could acquire foreign technology to supplement its own skills to produce large launch

ence on the front page of the Communist Party newspaper

Last month, China's minister for science and technology told reporters China would one day send astronauts into space. Encouraging discussions on space cooperation had taken place with

The report was given promin-

U.S. scientists, he said. China has already developed a

successful satellite programme and says it has a number of foreign companies queueing to use its launch and recovery ser-

U.S. studies

In Lisbon, Portugal, the leader statement said on Tuesday.

statement added.

how much of it, we receive from abroad. UNITA wishes to keep its political and military independence intact in search of peace," the note, signed by Mr. Savimbi, said.

## GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

Neither vulnerable. South deals.

NORTH 0 KJ72 **₽**К76 EAST **±** 10874 **∇QJ102** 10983 4QJ102 SOUTH **⊕**A96 ∇A873

4 A 9 4 The bidding: South West North East 1 NT Pass Opening lead: Queen of 🕈

It is all very well to have an intimate knowledge of all the techniques available to you as declarer. or defender. They will not be of much use if you do not master when to apply them. You reach three no trump in

quick time. West makes his normal lead of the queen of clubs, and you are faced with your first technical problem: Should you duct the first trick, or not?

Take a pat on the back from us if you decided that it is dangerous to

attack plane in Angola gaged in a 12-year-old war against the Marxist Luanda government. South Africa has also struck at bases inside Angola from which it says SWAPO is preparing to launch its annual rainy-season offensive into Namibia, ruled by South Africa in defiance of the United Nations.

> of UNITA has criticised South Africa, the guerrilla's main foreign benefactor, and stressed his group's independence, according to a statement received Tuesday. In a note distributed in Lisbon, UNITA leader Jonas Savimbi again criticised the South African claims that its forces intervened last month to help rebels fight off a Cuban and Soviet-backed

Angolan offensive.
"No matter what sort of aid, or

SAFE MIGHT BE SORRY

duck! You might not be able to stand a heart shift, so don't give the defenders the opportunity of

> Now you have to decide how to tackle the diamonds. Should you take the safety play of cashing the king-ace and leading toward the jack, or should you take the finesse? Move to the top of the class if your answer is that you do not

> How many tricks you need from the diamond suit depends on how many space tricks you make. If that suit is going to provide three tricks, you need only three diamonds. But if you are going to score only two spade tricks, you must make four diamond tricks. So before you play on diamonds

you should take the spade finesse. Therefore, you win the first trick in hand and immediately lead a spade to the jack. When that holds, you need only three tricks in dismonds and now you can afford to take the safety play. You cash the king-ace of that suit, and you are suitably rewarded when her majesty the queen falls on the second

You have not only won the contract, but also the admiration of the horde of spectators clustered around your table. Congratula-

## allegations of plot against Kenya

NAIROBI (R) - The U.S. government is investigating allega-tions that the Ku Klux Klan and a church in North Carolina were plotting to overthrow the Kenyan government, a U.S. embassy

Washington does not, however, believe the white supremacist organisation is in a position to finance such plots because it is short of money and resources, the

Kenya's national newspapers made the allegations on Saturday, basing their stories on a letter purportedly written by the minister of the Foscoe Christian

Church in Boone, North Caro-The minister, Kenneth Caswell, has denied he wrote the letter, which asks Ku Klux Klan members to raise \$20 million to protect white rule in South Africa by deposing black African leaders

opposed to apartheid. 'Although we as yet have no further details, we would point out that recent law suits and other incidents in the United States have clearly shown that the Klan is in no position to finance plots to overthrow any foreign government as it simply does not have the money and resources," the

embassy said. Seven American missionaries named in the letter as parties to the alleged conspiracy left the country last week after the Kenyan authorities told them they were no longer welcome, official

sources said. The diplomatic missions of Britain and West Germany said they lodged strong protests Monday over Kenyan police beatings and arrests of journalists covering a university riot.

In Washington, a State Department spokesman said the United States has made a similar protest. Diplomats at the Swiss embassy said Switzerland would also protest the incident.

Four journalists from the Western countries were beaten with batons and rifle butts, punched, kicked and slapped Sunday by paramilitary police as they tried to cover a student riot at the University of Nairobi.

# visiting Houston to address a

NAIROBI (R) — Fifteen countries in sub-Saharan Africa, led by Ethiopia and Mozambique, need 2.7 million tonnes of relief food to counteract the effects of drought and civil strife, the World Food Programme (WFP)

said on Tuesday. Foreign donors have pledged 1.3 million tonnes, leaving an uncovered deficit of 1.4 million tonnes, the WFP said in a state-

#### ters in Rome. The organisation said the situation is sub-Saharan Africa had

pectedly that WFP was running short of emergency food stocks.

Ethiopia, where the govern-

## ment estimates the food deficit at 950,000 tonnes, was the worst

## affected country and was in urgent need of extra lorries to distribute food in the droughtment telexed from its headquar- affected northern provinces.

# Drug baron accused of bribery, violence

trial of a reputed Colombian drug kingpin has called him the Henry Ford of cocaine smuggling and accused him of using violence and bribery to build an empire. U.S. Attorney Richard Merkle

said on Monday that Carlos Lehder Rivas, alleged top leader of the world's biggest cocaine

MOSCOW (AP) — Raisa Gorbachev said Monday that Americans are so anxious for her and her husband, Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev, to visit them during their trip to the United

invitations. "Every day we get an enormous amount of letters from the Americans," Mrs. Gorbachev said at the opening of an exhibition in Moscow of 19th- and early 20th-century American paintings. "People of all ages of all walks of

States next month that some are

sending house keys with their

life write to us." In a brief but rare questionand-answer session, she told ABC News, "many Americans ask us to visit their towns, cities and states, their farms, their homes. Some of them even send their keys to their houses in the envelopes.

But Mrs. Gorbachev, who plans to travel to the United

States with her husband for his

Dec. 7 summit meeting with Pres-

ident Ronald Reagan, indicated

plied that it is "difficult to say" finished now.

be other visits."

"I would like to express my together with you, is that as a Angeles.

monument of peace. siles.

The show, entitled "New Hori-

The national television news

bachev said of the letters her zons: American Painting 1840ica and the Americans. But our in Washington a year ago and main hope, our common hope toured Chicago, Boston and Los